

# Physics Education Research:

a resource for educational transformation  
at a critical time

2nd Conference on Transforming Research in  
Undergraduate STEM Education

*4 Jun 2012*



Noah Finkelstein  
Physics Department  
University of Colorado Boulder  
[noah.finkelstein@colorado.edu](mailto:noah.finkelstein@colorado.edu)



# Physics Education Research group at CU-Boulder

## Faculty:

Melissa Dancy  
Michael Dubson  
Noah Finkelstein  
Valerie Otero  
Kathy Perkins  
Steven Pollock  
Carl Wieman (on leave)



## Postdocs/ Scientists:

Charles Baily  
Danny Caballero  
Stephanie Chasteen  
Julia Chamberlain  
Katie Hinko  
Kelly Lancaster  
Emily Moore  
Ariel Paul  
Noah Podolefsky  
Benjamin Zwickl

## Teachers / Partners / Staff:

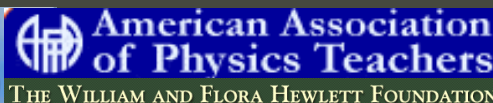
Shelly Belleau  
Jackie Elser, Trish Loeblein  
Molly Giulliano  
Susan M. Nicholson-Dykstra  
Sara Severance  
Emily Quinty  
Mindy Gratny, Kate Kidder  
John Blanco, Sam Reid  
Chris Malley, Jon Olson  
Oliver Nix, Nina Zabolotnaya

## Funded by:

National Science Foundation  
William and Flora Hewlett Foundation  
American Association of Physics Teachers  
Physics Teacher Education Coalition  
American Institute of Physics  
American Physical Society  
National Math & Science Initiative  
Howard Hughes Medical Institute  
And generous donors like you.

## Grad Students:

Stephanie Barr  
Kara Gray  
May Lee  
Mike Ross  
Ben Spike  
Ben Van Dusen  
Bethany Wilcox



Adam Blanford	Corrie Colvin	Janet Tsai	Leilani Arthurs	Roger Larson
Adam Light	Danny Caballero	Jean Hertzberg	Lindsay Anderson	Ryan Grover
Akira Miyake	Daria Kotys-Schwartz	Jeffrey Shainline	Lorrie Shepard	Sam Reid
Alice Healy	David Aragon	Jenn Paul Glaser	Louisa Harris	Sandra Laurson
Anastasia Maines	David Webb	Jennifer Stempien	Maegan Gilmour	Sara Brownell
Andrea Bair	Derek Reamon	Jenny Knight	Margaret Asirvatham	Sarah Wise
Andrew Martin	Diane Sieber	Jerry Rudy	Marie Boyko	Scott Franklin
Angel Hoekstra	Dick McCray	Jessica Gorski	Marina Cogan	Seth Hornstein
Angela Bielefeldt	Don Cooper	Jia Shi	Marina Kogan	Seyitriza Tigrek
Anne Bekoff	Donna Coccamise	Jim Curry	Marina LaGrave	Stacey Forsyth
Anne Dougherty	Doug Duncan	John Basey	Mary Ann Shea	Stephanie Chasteen
Anne Gold	Doug Haller	John Blanco	Mary Nelson	Stephanie Mollborn
Anne-Barrie Hunter	Ed Johnsen	John Falconer	Mateo de Valenzuela	Stephanie Rivale
Anne-Marie Hoskinson	Eleanor Waxman	John Stocke	May Lee	Stephen Butler
Anthony Bosman	Emly Moore	Joshua Myatt	Melanie Yee	Steve Iona
Ariel Paul	Enrique Lopez	Juan Ramirez	Melinda Picket-May	Steve Pollock
Audrey Schaiberger	Eric Stade	Julia Chamberlain	Melissa Dancy	Susan Hendrickson
Barbara Kraus	Evelyn Puaa	Kara Gray	Michael Dubson	Teresa Foley
Barry Kluger-Bell	Fran Bagenal	Kate Kidder	Michael Wittman	Tiffany Ito
Ben Spike	Garrett Nicodemus	Kathy Perkins	Mike Klymkowsky	Travis Lund
Ben Van Dusen	Gene Glass	Katie Hinko	Mike Ross	Trish Loeblein
Benjamin Zwickel	George Ortiz	Katie Southard	Miranda Rieter	Tyler Schelpat
Bethany Wilcox	Heather Lewandowski	Kelly Battin	Nancy Guild	Ulaff (?) Benjamin
Bill Wood	Hilarie Nickerson	Kelly Lancaster	Nathan Canney	Uma Swamy
Brian Argrow	Hunter Close	Kevin McElhaney	Noah Finkelstein	Valerie Otero
Brian Couch	Ian Caldwell	Kim Trenbath	Noah Podolefsky	Valerie Williams
Callie Pilzer	Ian Her Many Horses	Krista Marshall	Okhee Lee	Victoria Hand
Cathy Regan	Ingrid Ulbrich	Laird Kramer	PJ Bennett	Virginia Ferguson
Chandra Turpen	Jana Watson-Capps	LaRuth McAfee	Rachel Pepper	Wahab Baouchi
Charles Baily	Jane Meyers	Laura Border	Rob Tubbs	
Clayton Lewis	Jane Stout	Lauren Kost-Smith	Robert Parson	
Colin Wallace	Janet Casagrand	Laurie Langdon	Robynn Lock	

D physics pedagogy astronomy  
 biology mathematics geology  
 chemistry engineering  
 This week:

**Based  
 Education**

Re



Integrating STEM Education  
 UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO BOULDER

# What will 50m. get us?

National scene / need

Context as a newish & key tool in PER

A few key studies from CU

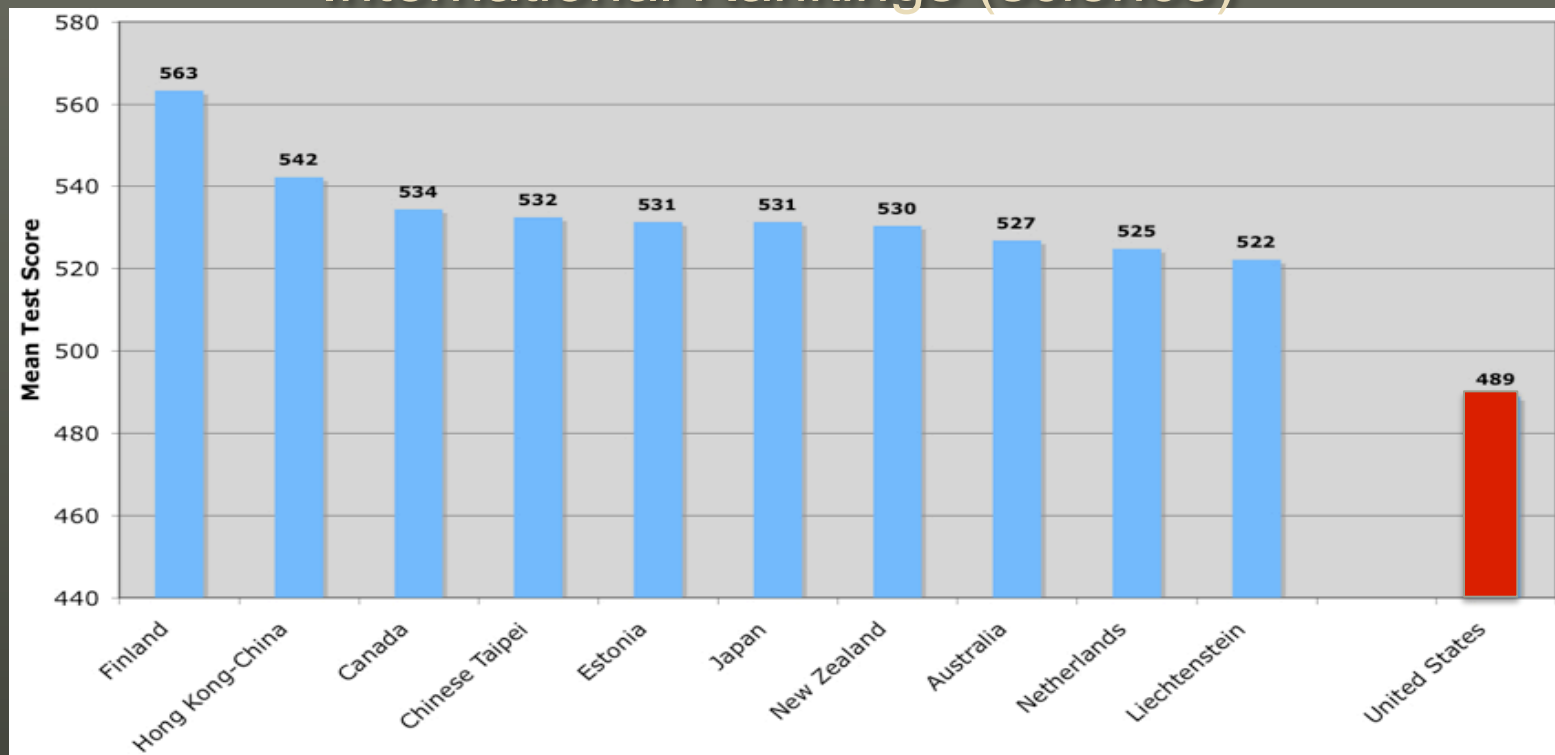
How we all can build on these results...

# Grand Challenges in US Education

Better education

U.S. ranks:  
21 out of 30 in science  
25 out of 30 in math  
- PISA 2006

## International Rankings (science)



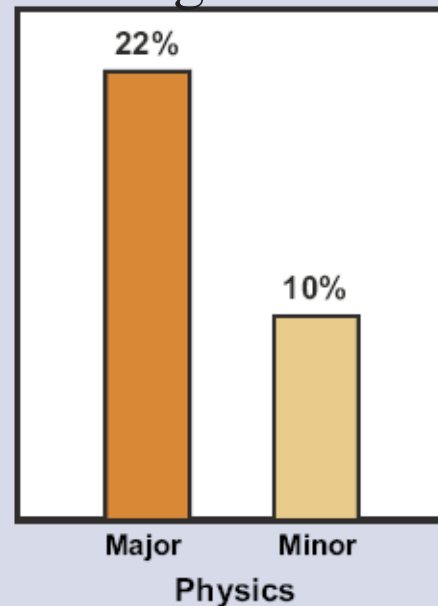
# Grand Challenges in US Education

Better education

More and better teachers

2/3 Physics Out of Field  
Less than 50% stay

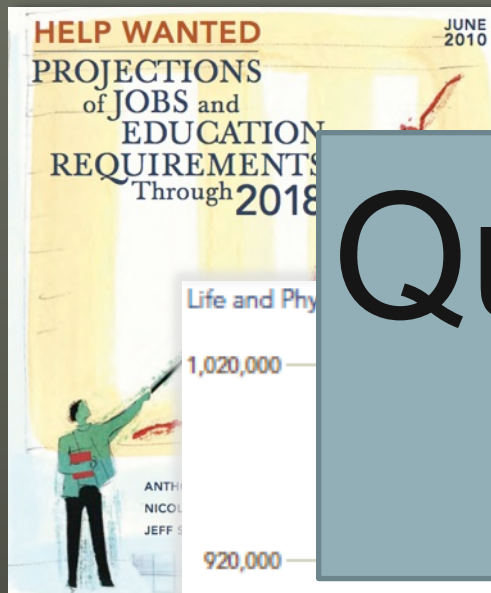
Physics Teachers with  
degrees in:



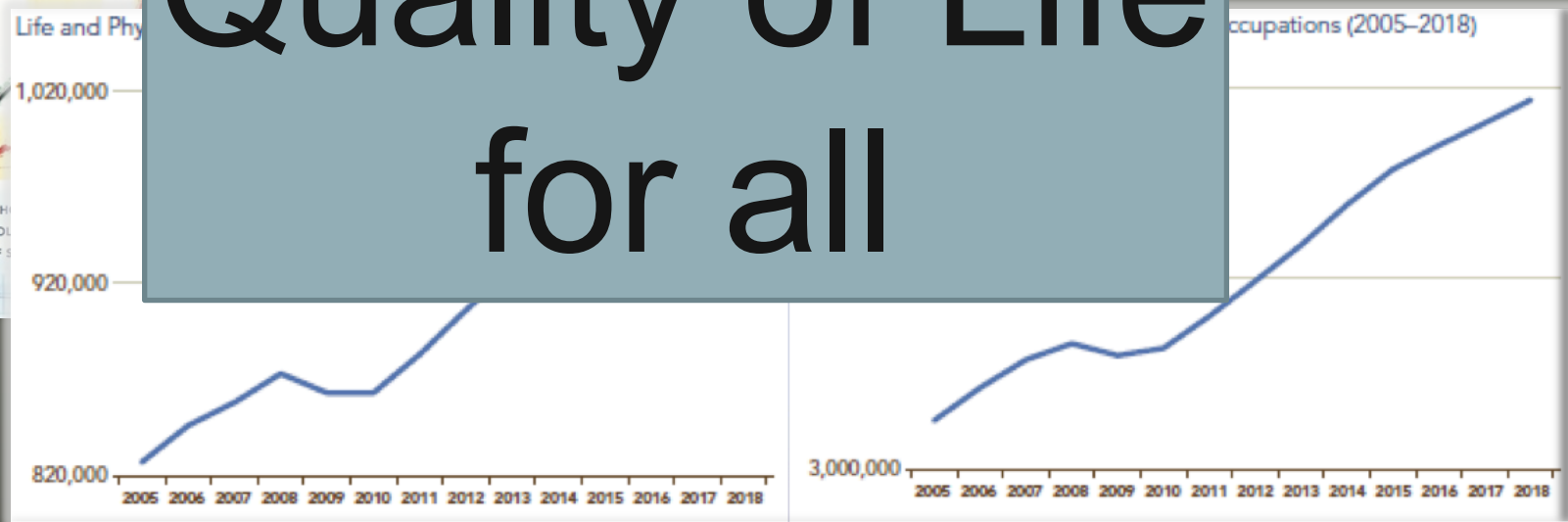
# Grand Challenges in US Education

Better education  
More and better teachers  
More and better STEM grads

1 Million more STEM grads  
needed by 2018  
and growing



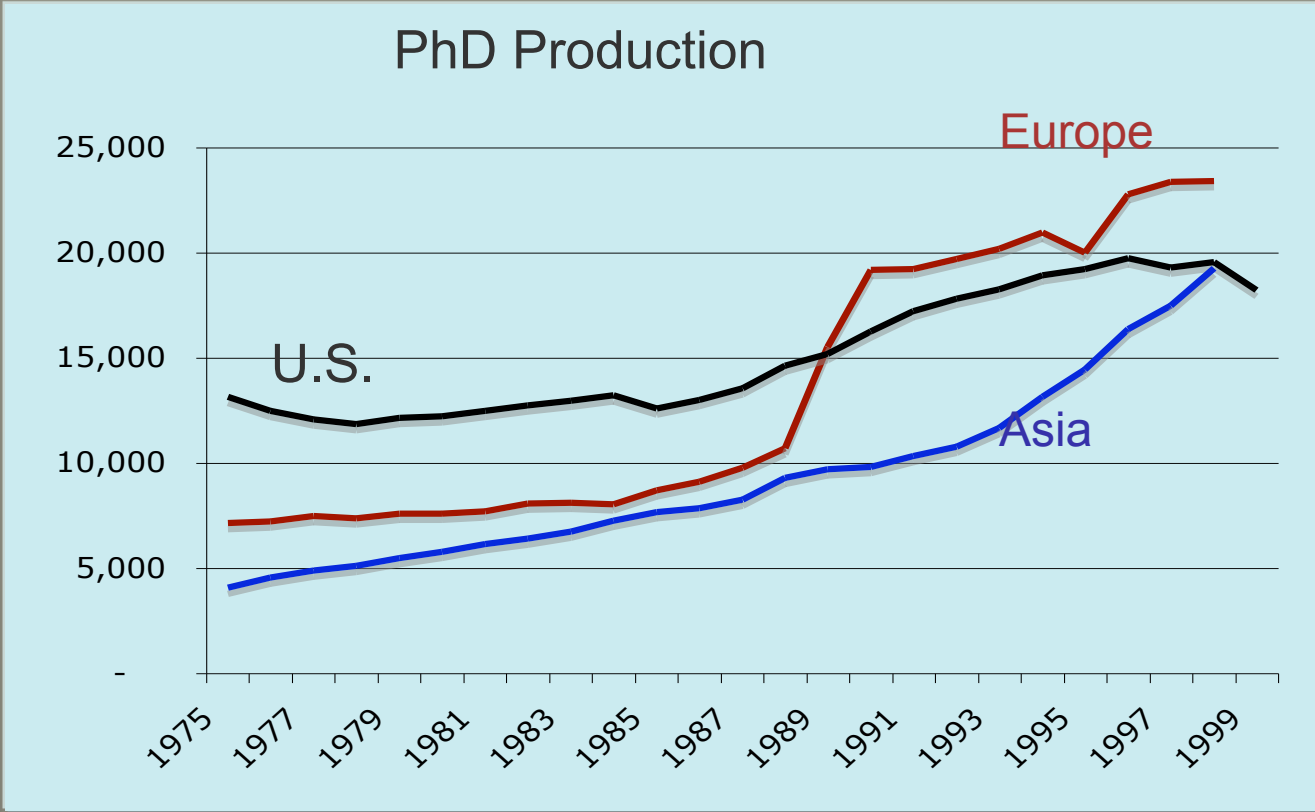
Quality of Life  
for all



# Grand Challenges in US Education

Better education  
More and better teachers  
More and better STEM grads  
Higher education & research

US surpassed by Europe and Asia in S&E PhD production





A result of poor policy?



# Not Just Historical

## APS NEWS

A PUBLICATION OF THE AMERICAN PHYSICAL SOCIETY • [WWW.APS.ORG/PUBLICATIONS/APSNEWS/INDEX.CFM](http://WWW.APS.ORG/PUBLICATIONS/APSNEWS/INDEX.CFM)

October 2011  
Volume 20, No.9

[www.aps.org/publications/apsnews](http://www.aps.org/publications/apsnews)



**APS Picks Minority Scholars**  
see page 6

### Physics Programs Face the Axe at Seven Texas Universities

*By Michael Lucibella*

Seven public universities in Texas are being told they have to phase out their physics undergraduate degrees, with three more being put on two-year probation. In an attempt to make the system more efficient, the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB), which oversees Texas' 24 public universities, recently reviewed all of its public university's undergraduate programs that produced

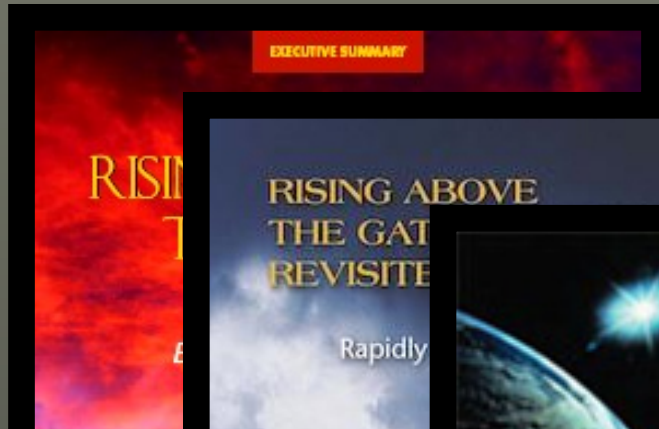
fied programs that produced fewer than an average of five undergraduates per year between 2006 and 2010 that they needed to reevaluate their programs by June. The programs that received a warning had the option to shut down altogether, combine their program with another degree or apply for a two-year temporary exemption to try and increase enrollment.

"What we are looking at is low producing programs," said Mac-

across the state found to be low producing, 307 requested temporary exemptions, 93 proposed a plan for consolidating degrees, and 145 offered to phase out their programs altogether. Eighty-seven of the requests for exemptions were denied.

Physics programs at Midwestern State, Prairie View A&M, Tarleton State, Texas Southern, University of Texas-Brownsville and West Texas A&M are all losing their

# A Era of Significant Attention: the National Academies



**BOARD ON SCIENCE EDUCATION**  
**CENTER FOR EDUCATION**

**THE NATIONAL ACADEMIES**  
*Advisers to the Nation on Science, Engineering, and Medicine*

**BOARD ON PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY**

**THE NATIONAL ACADEMIES**  
*Advisers to the Nation on Science, Engineering, and Medicine*

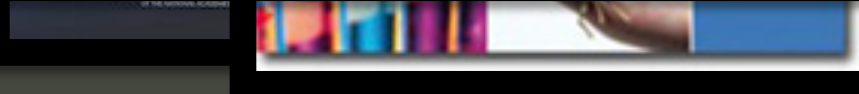
NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES | NATIONAL ACADEMY OF ENGINEERING | INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE | NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL

October 17, 2011

Committee on Undergraduate Physics Education Research and Implementation

Summary

This study is designed to address some of the principal challenges and opportunities facing the undergraduate physics education and



# A Era of Significant Attention: Congress & the White House

## One Hundred Eleventh Congress of the United States of America



### **Winning the Race to Educate Our Children**

*Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics  
(STEM) Education in the 2012 Budget*

“Maintaining our leadership in research and technology is crucial to America’s success. But if we want to win the future – if we want innovation to produce jobs in America and not overseas – then we also have to win the race to educate our kids.”

President Barack Obama  
January 2011

Education, and Science Reauthorization Act of 2010”.

# A Era of Significant Attention: Professional Societies



Association of American Universities  
Five-Year Initiative for Improving Undergraduate STEM Education

September 14, 2011

ASSOCIATION OF  
PUBLIC AND  
LAND-GRANT  
UNIVERSITIES

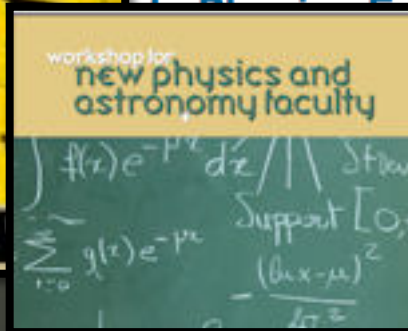


SCIENCE & MATHEMATICS TEACHER IMPERATIVE



Physics  
Teacher  
Education

Award for Imp  
Application Dea



Education

# High Education & Disciplines: a key lever in education



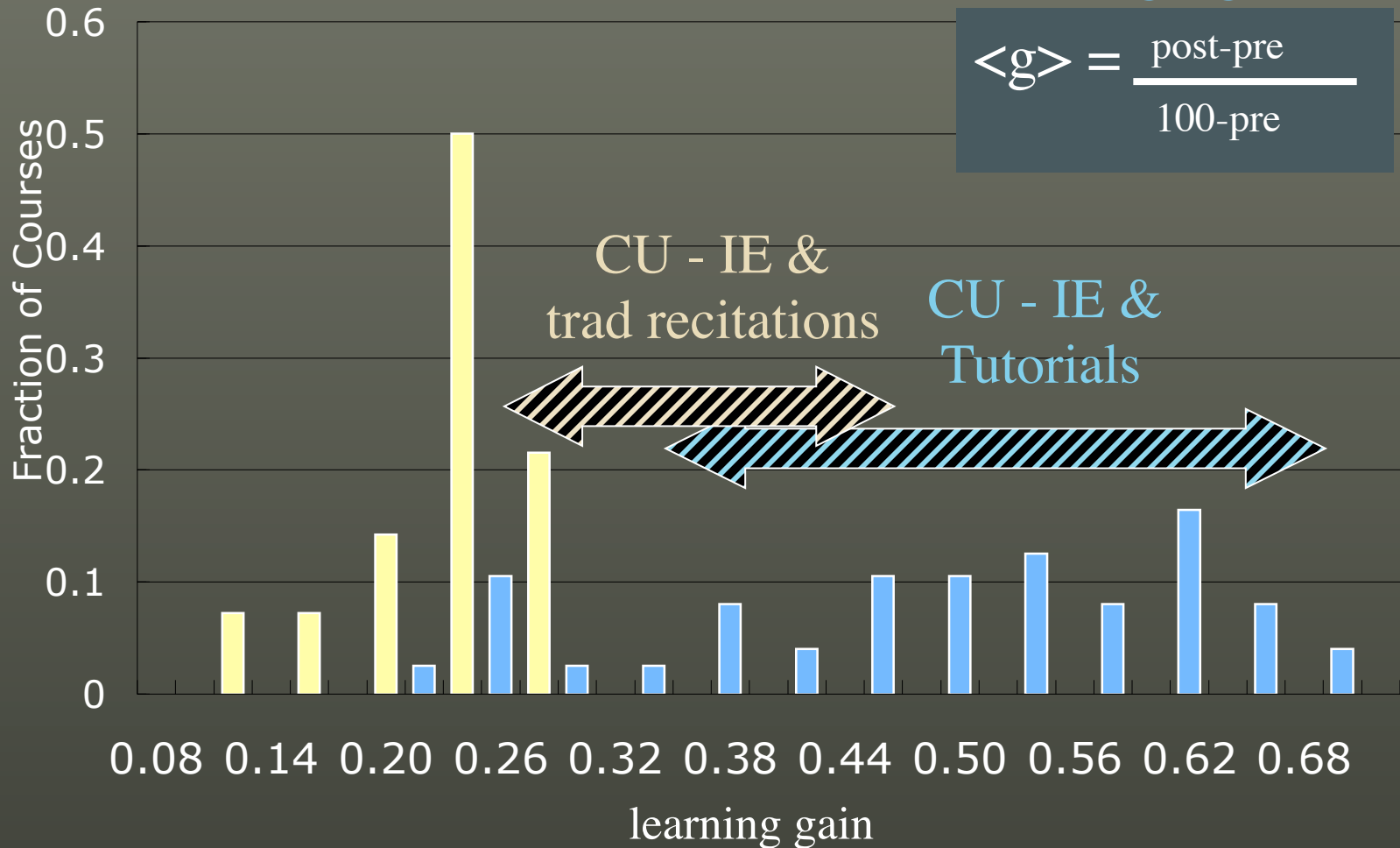
# Physics Education Research



# Course Transformation: Engagement in Learning

traditional lecture

interactive engagement

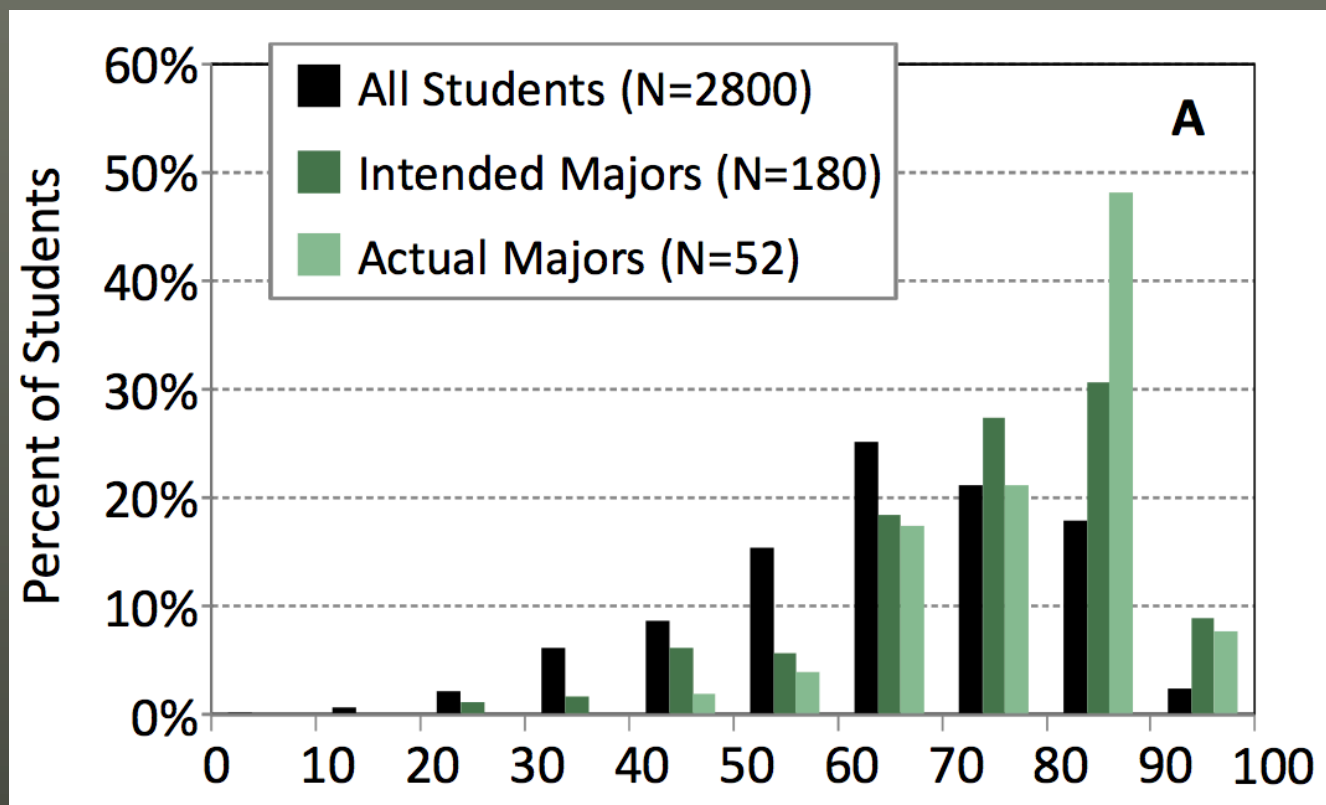






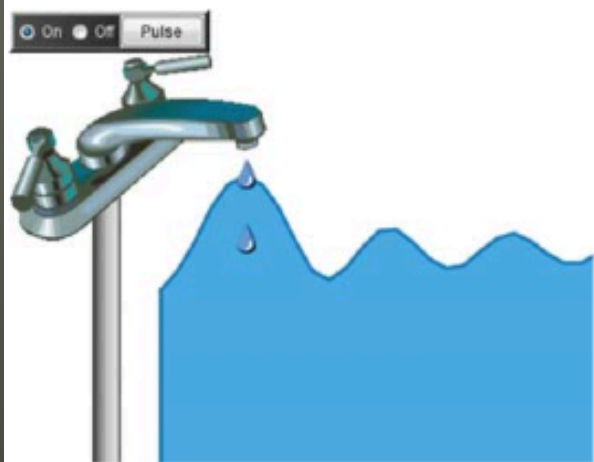
# Students Attitudes and Beliefs

## Selecting vs. Breeding Physics Majors

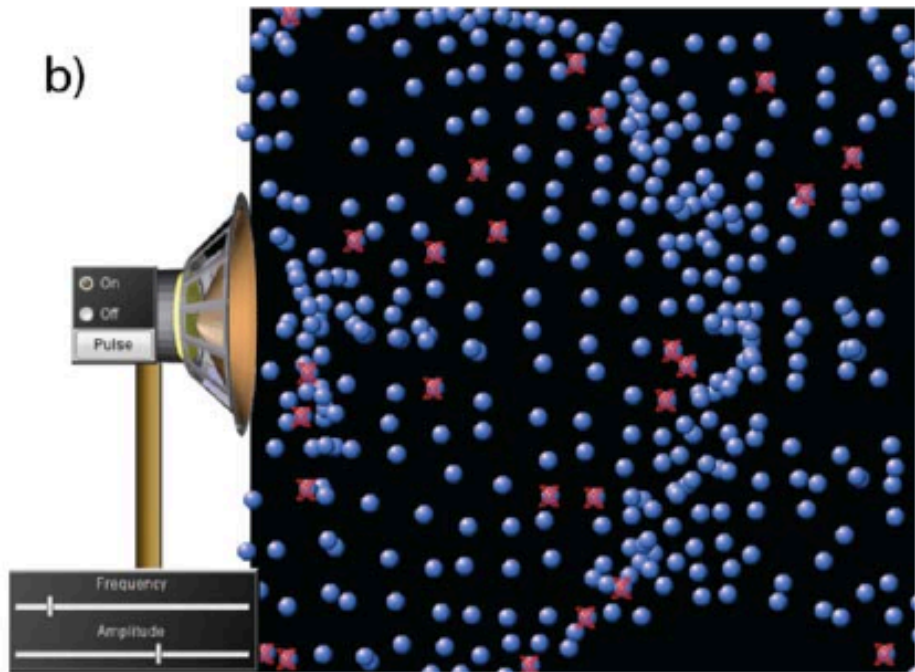


% Favorable CLASS score 1<sup>st</sup> Semester

# Designing Effective Simulations



b)

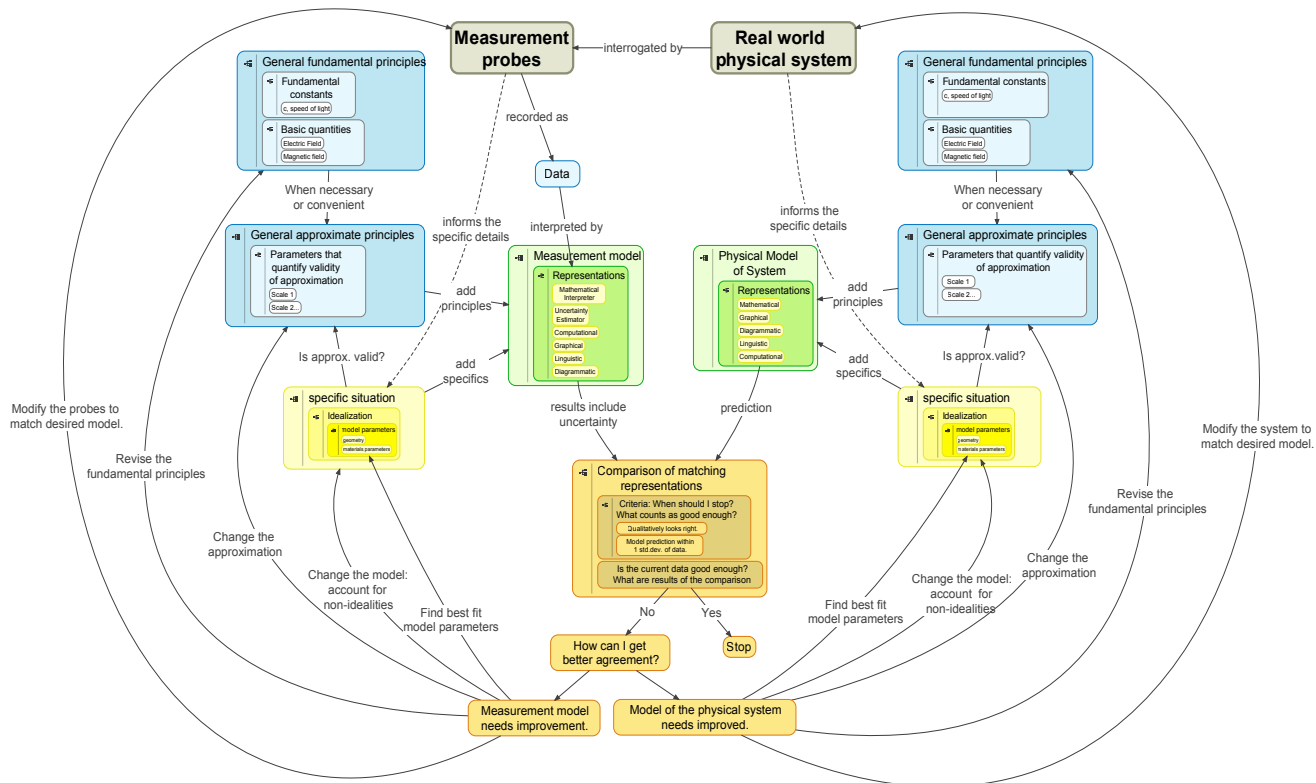




# Designing & studying effective Experimental labs

## Modeling cycle in laboratory experiments (draft)

Benjamin Zwickl, Heather Lewandowski, Noah Finkelstein  
 Physics Education Research Group at CU-Boulder



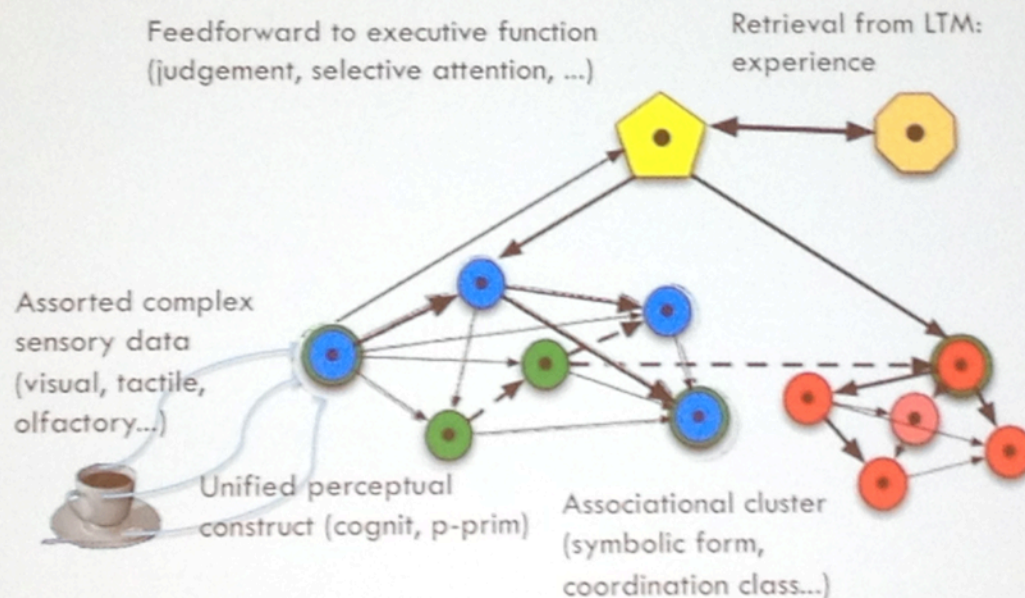
The pathways show how models are developed and used during the ubiquitous lab activity of comparing theoretical predictions with real data. The left half of the cycle represents the model of the measurement system, and is refined through calibration of the device. The right half of the cycle represents the model of the physical system.

examining the how and the why...  
focusing on context

# Towards a Standard Model

## A structure for thinking about thinking

28



TRUSE 2012

6/3/12

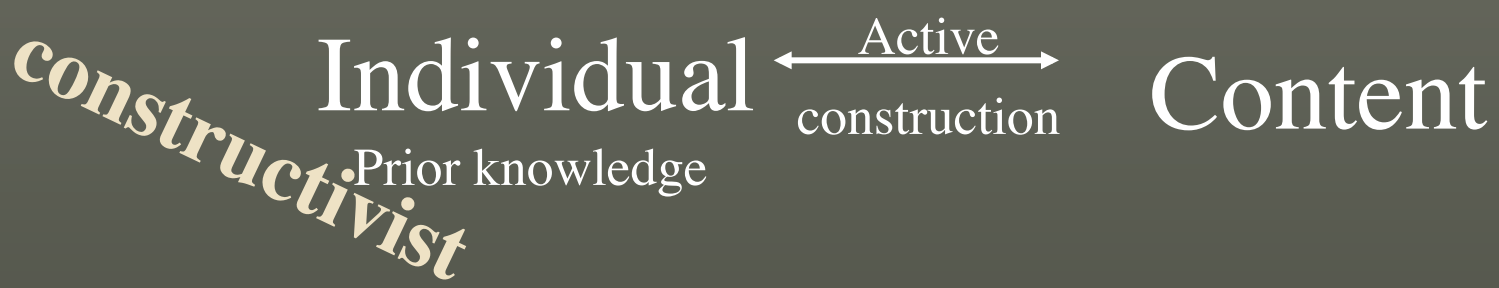
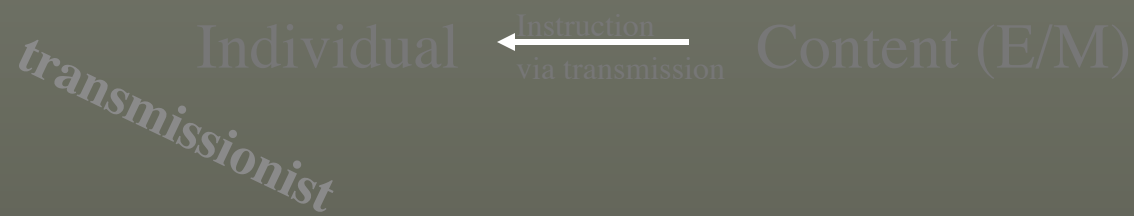
# Trad'l Model of Education



Built in to our classes?

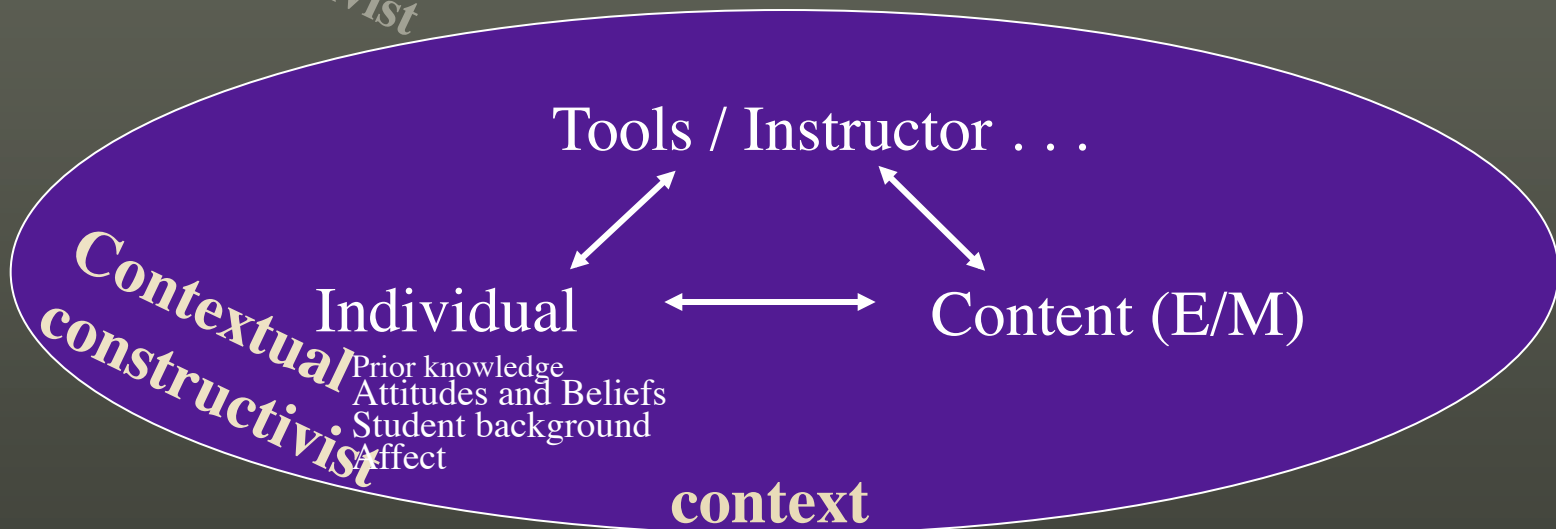
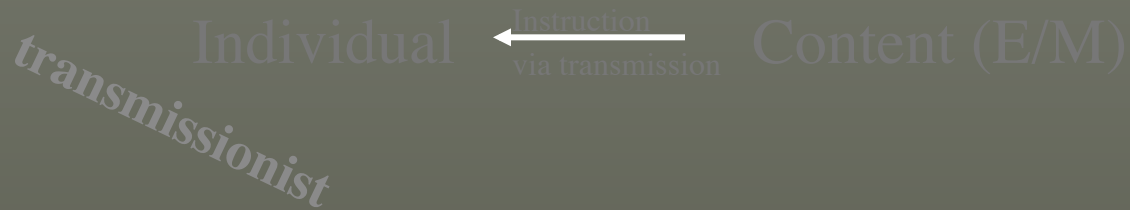


# PER Theoretic Background





# PER Theoretic Background



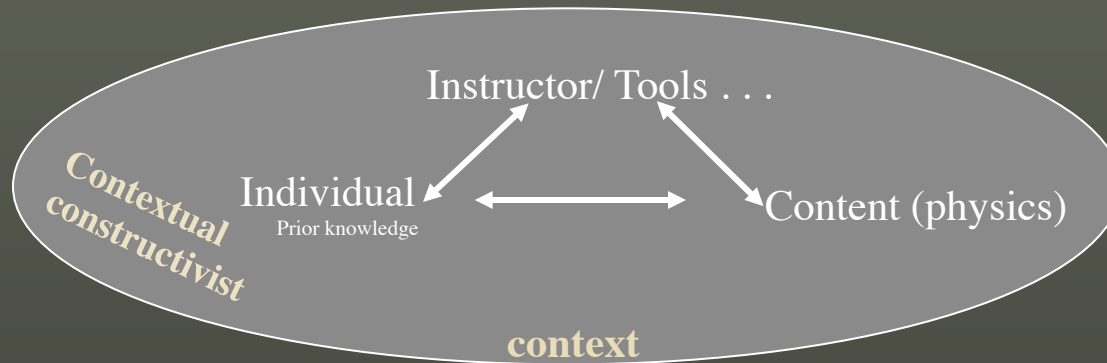
Finkelstein, N. (2005) Context in the Context of Physics Education, *IJSE*

Finkelstein, N. (2005-2011). NSF CAREER Grant: REC# 0448176

# Theoretical Framework

## *Contextual Constructivism*

- i. tools mediate our understanding / cognitive processes
- ii. context shapes how we might use these tools



# Tools allow thought

## A Story of Galileo: 6 theorems of a genius

Theorem: If a moving particle, carried uniformly at constant speed, then the time intervals are in the ratio of their distances (follows from *algebra*).

$$\frac{d_1 = \cancel{r} * t_1}{d_2 = \cancel{r} * t_2} \longrightarrow \frac{t_1}{t_2} = \frac{d_1}{d_2}$$

# A 2<sup>nd</sup> Example

$$\frac{7960.0}{10} = \boxed{796.0}$$

← **Easy!** ↓

$$\frac{7960.0}{16} = \boxed{\text{Hard(er)}} \rightarrow \frac{1F18.0}{10} = \boxed{\boxed{1F1.8}}$$

*Decimal (Base 10)*



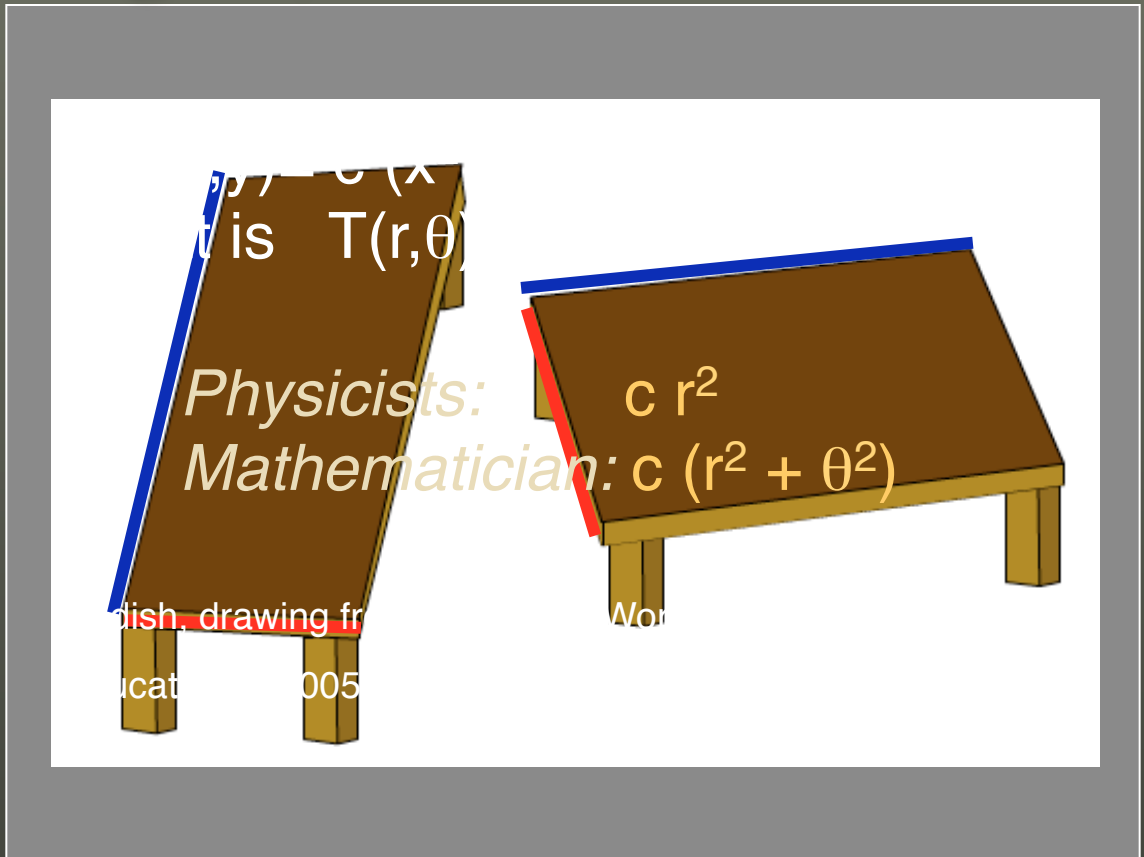
*Hex (Base 16)*



# Meaning of tools

Evolutionary (biological):

And cultural:



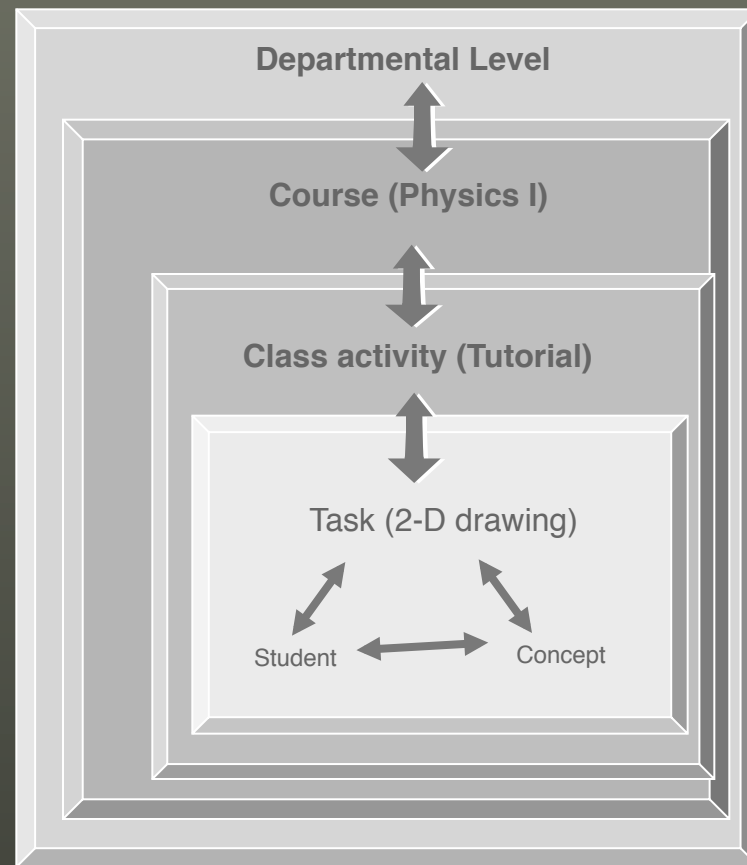
# Thinking in terms of tools

- **Material or intellectual**
- **Historically rooted**
- **Come with predispositions of use**
- **Our capacities shapes our use of tools**

Wartofsky, M. (1973). *Models*. Dordrecht: D. Reidel.  
Cole, M. (1996) *Cultural Psychology*

# Embedded Context(s)

## Frames of Context



# A broad perspective

a. Individ'l

b. Course

c. Depart'l

N. D. Finkelstein, *Phys. Rev. ST Phys. Ed. Research* 6, 020113 (2010).  
C. Turpen and N. D. Finkelstein, *Phys. Rev. ST Physics Ed. Research* 6, 020123 (2010).  
W. K. Adams, et al. *Physical Review*, 47, 1 (2006).  
N. S. Pollock and N. Finkelstein, *Phys. Rev. ST Physics Ed. Research* 4, 010110 (2008).  
N. D. Finkelstein, et al. *Proceedings of the 2005 PER Conference (PERC) AIP, Proc* 808, (2005).  
N. D. Finkelstein & S. J. Pollock, *Physical Review, ST: PER*, 1, 010101 (2005).



# Foregrounding Context in PER

Artifact Frames of Context	i. Tools	ii. Practices	iii. Norms
a. Individ'l	Representation Analogy PhET	Tch to Lrn Physics Labs Talking Physics	Class (beliefs) Interp in QM
b. Course	Sims in Class Clickers in Class Using Reps & Analogy	Course Redesign Clicker Use Tutorials	Tutorial Adaptation Tchng Interpret. Gender intervention
c. Depart'l	Faculty use of PER Frameworks of change	TA, PD, Fac Dvmt Community Partnr	Dept'l norms Partnership in Phys Inclusion

# Sample applications

Artifact Frame of context	i. Tools	ii. Practices	iii. Norms
a. Individ'l	Representation & Analogy; Use in	Learning by teaching	CLASS- Student attitudes and beliefs (ABs)
b. Course	the Classroom	<div data-bbox="846 765 1881 943" style="background-color: red; color: white; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> <b>Transforming Courses: Impacts of Faculty Variation</b> </div>	
c. Depart'l	Faculty us based mater	<div data-bbox="784 996 1740 1190" style="background-color: #f5f5dc; padding: 10px; text-align: center;"> <b>A Framework for models of STEM educational change</b> </div>	

with Chandra Turpen (2010)

With SPollock, K. Perkins, H. Lewendowski, B. Zwickl  
with P. Kohl (2007) and N. Podolefsky (2008)

with Andrea Beach & Charles Henderson

# Sample applications

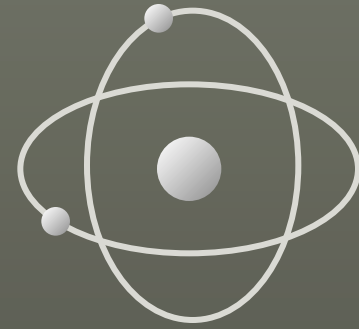
Artifact Frame of context	i. Tools	ii. Practices	iii. Norms
a. Individ'l	<p>Representation &amp; Analogy; Use in the Classroom</p>	<p>Learning by teaching</p>	<p>CLASS- Student attitudes and beliefs (ABs)</p>
b. Course	<p>Representation &amp; Analogy; Use in the Classroom</p>	<p>Course Practices Clicker Use Tutorials</p>	<p>Secondary adaptation of reforms</p>
c. Depart'l	<p>Faculty use of PER- based materials</p>	<p>Programs in grad, p.d., and fac prep CU STOMP</p>	<p>Influence of dept'l norms</p>

with P. Kohl (2007) and N. Podolefsky (2008)

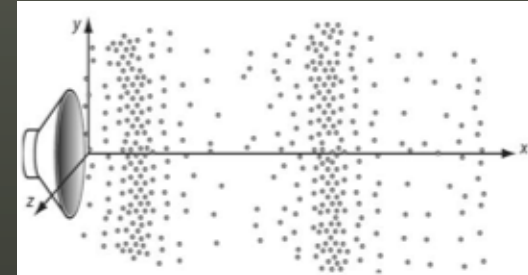
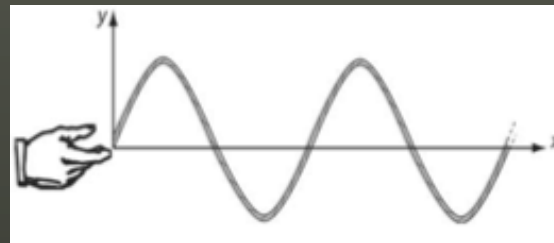
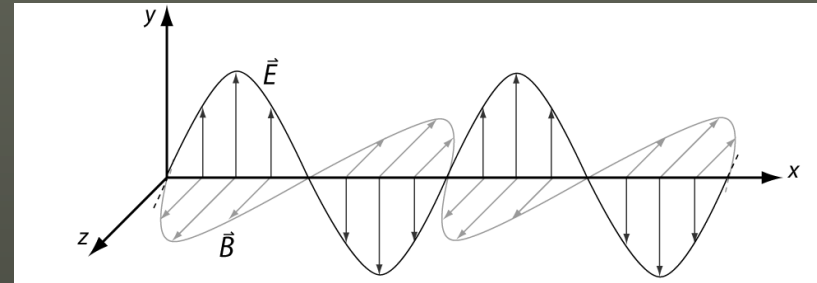


# Student reasoning using tools

Role of representation

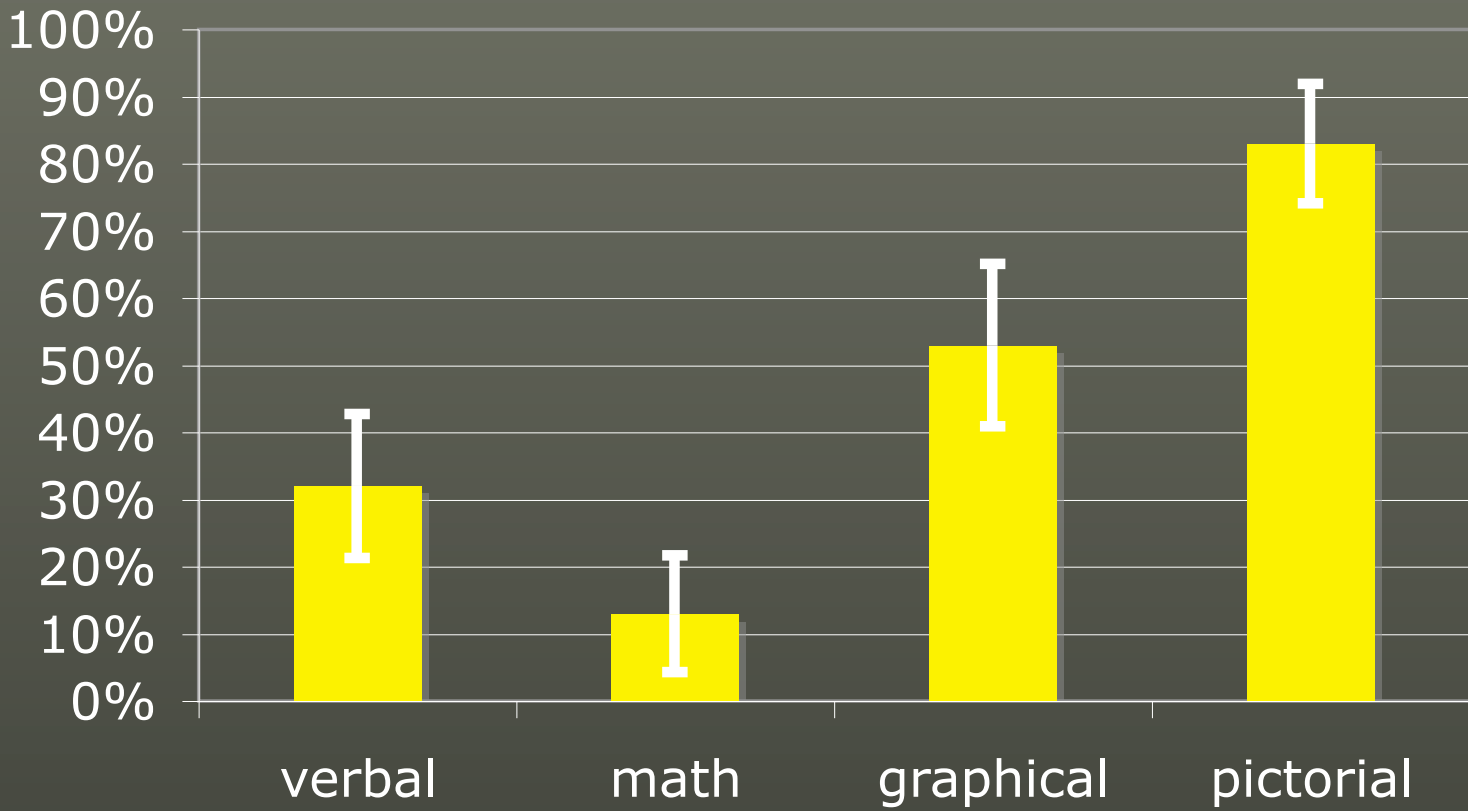


Utility of analogies



# Student competence given representational format

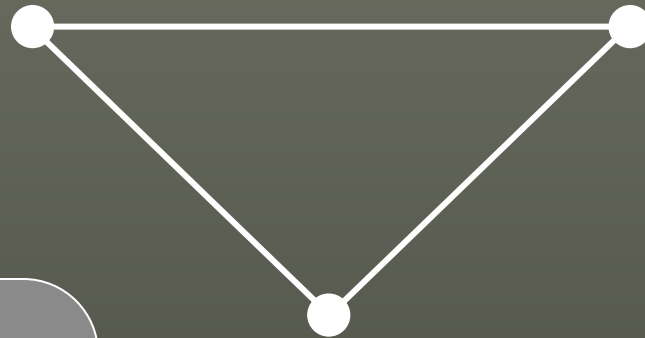
## Atomic physics quiz



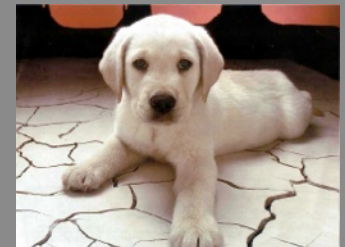
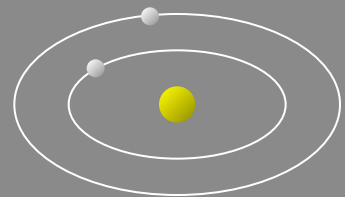
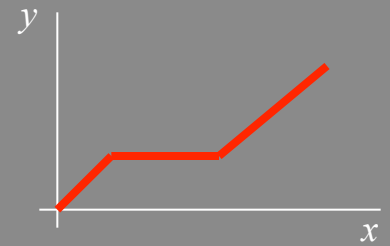
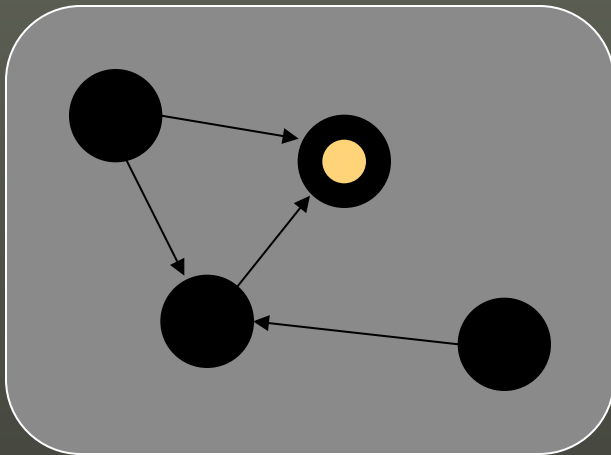
# Using Reps and Cueing

REFERENT

Representation

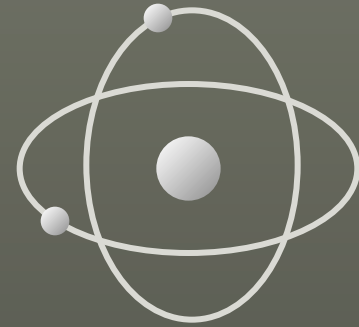
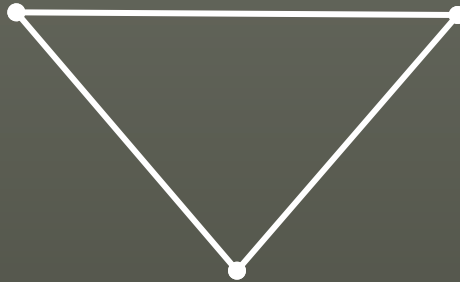


Schema



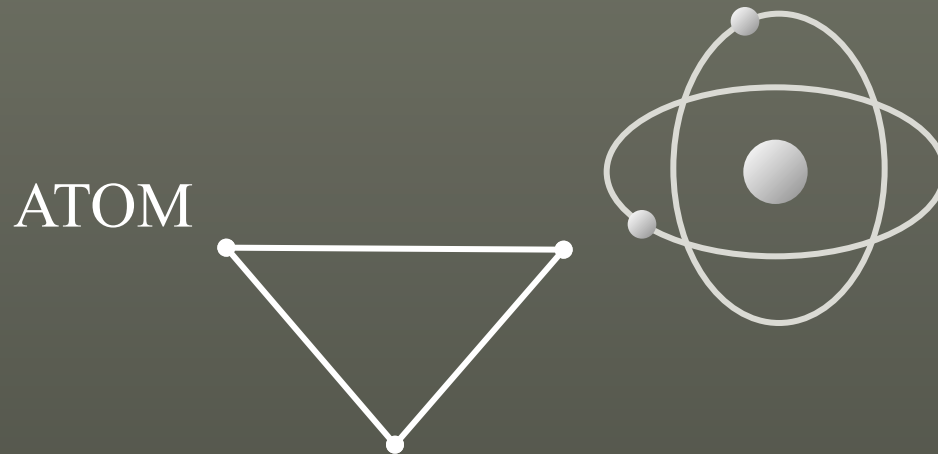
# Bohr's Atom

ATOM



Electron *revolves around* nucleus  
Nucleus *attracts* electron

# How do we connect representations, objects, schema?



- Electron *revolves around* nucleus
- Nucleus *attracts* electron

***blending & layering***



## Atom Content

interpart connection

ATOM



frame

- Electrons
- Nucleus
- Confined to atom

## Bohr Atom Blend

ATOM

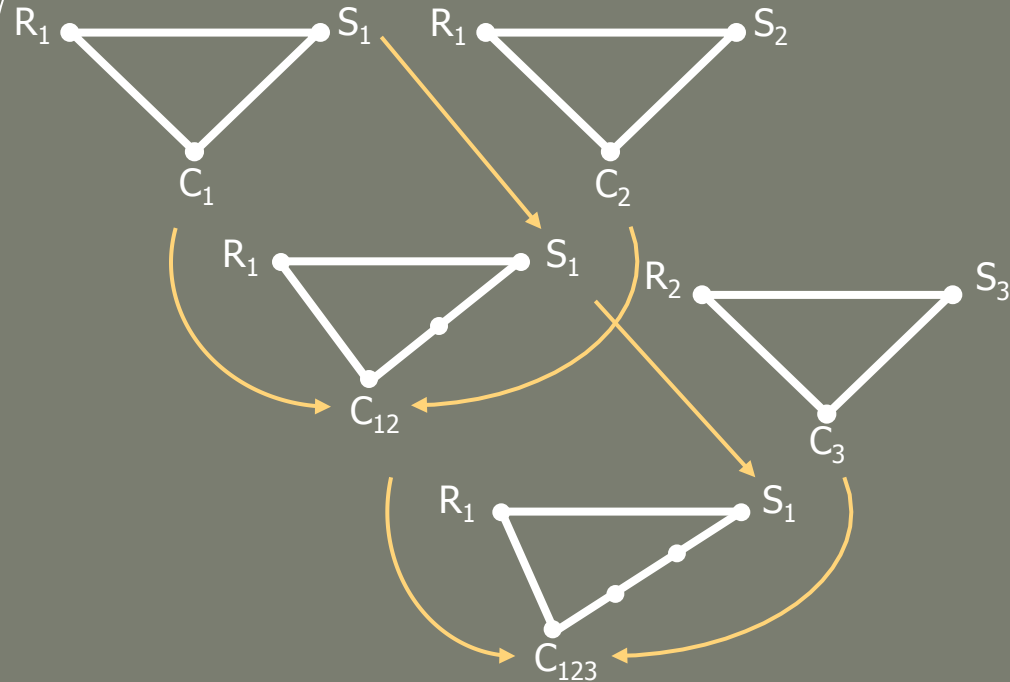
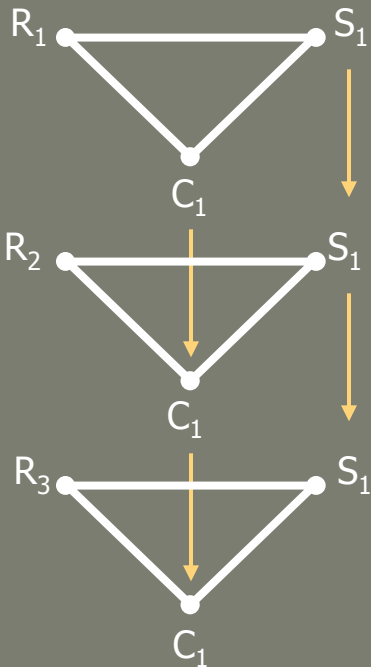


- *Nucleus attracts* electrons
- Orbits are energy levels

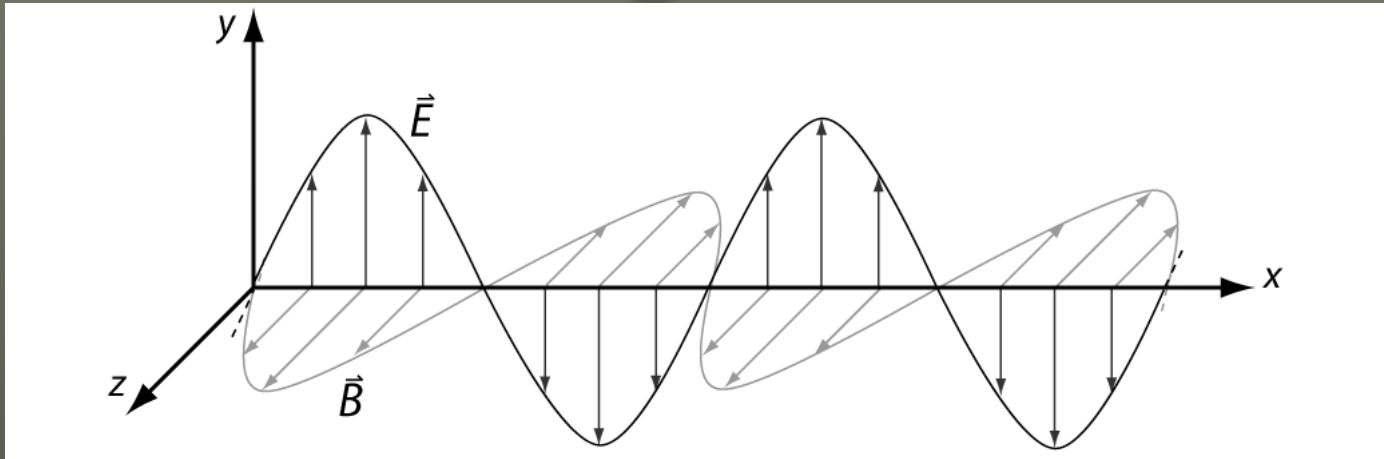
# Analogical Scaffolding

## Layering Blends to Make Meaning

$R_i$  = Referents  
 $S_i$  = Signs  
 $C_i$  = Schemas



# Apply to curriculum: teaching abstract concept



- EM Wave
- 3D
  - Transverse
  - Field
  - Propagating

Compile meaning into representation

Light

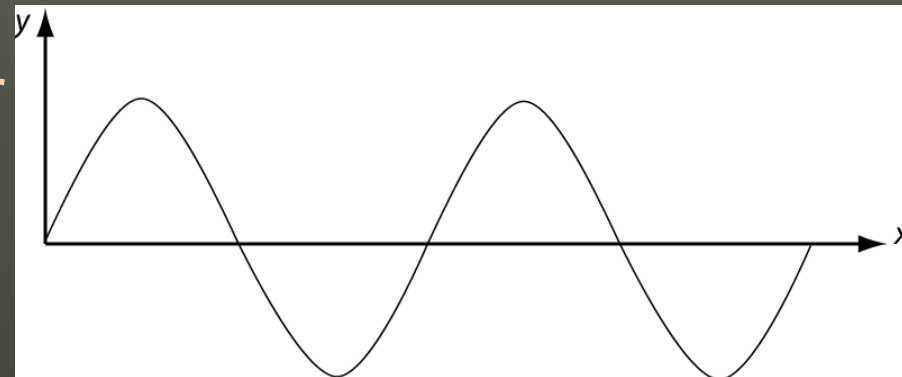
Sound

String

3D, Transverse, Height=field

3D, Height=density

Transverse, Height=pos'n



# The study

Large scale study: calc-based physics, E/M  
modified *Tutorials in Intro Physics*

Analogy (N=72)

No-Analogy (N=74)

Part I: Basic wave props

String

E/M

Part II: Plane wave / 3D

Sound

E/M

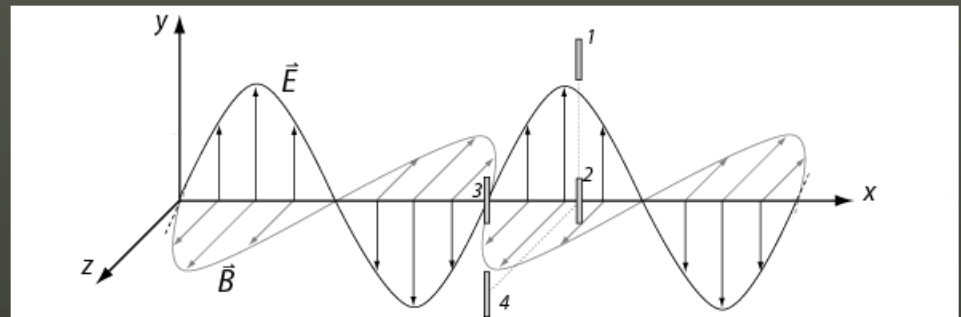
Part III: E/M wave as field

E/M

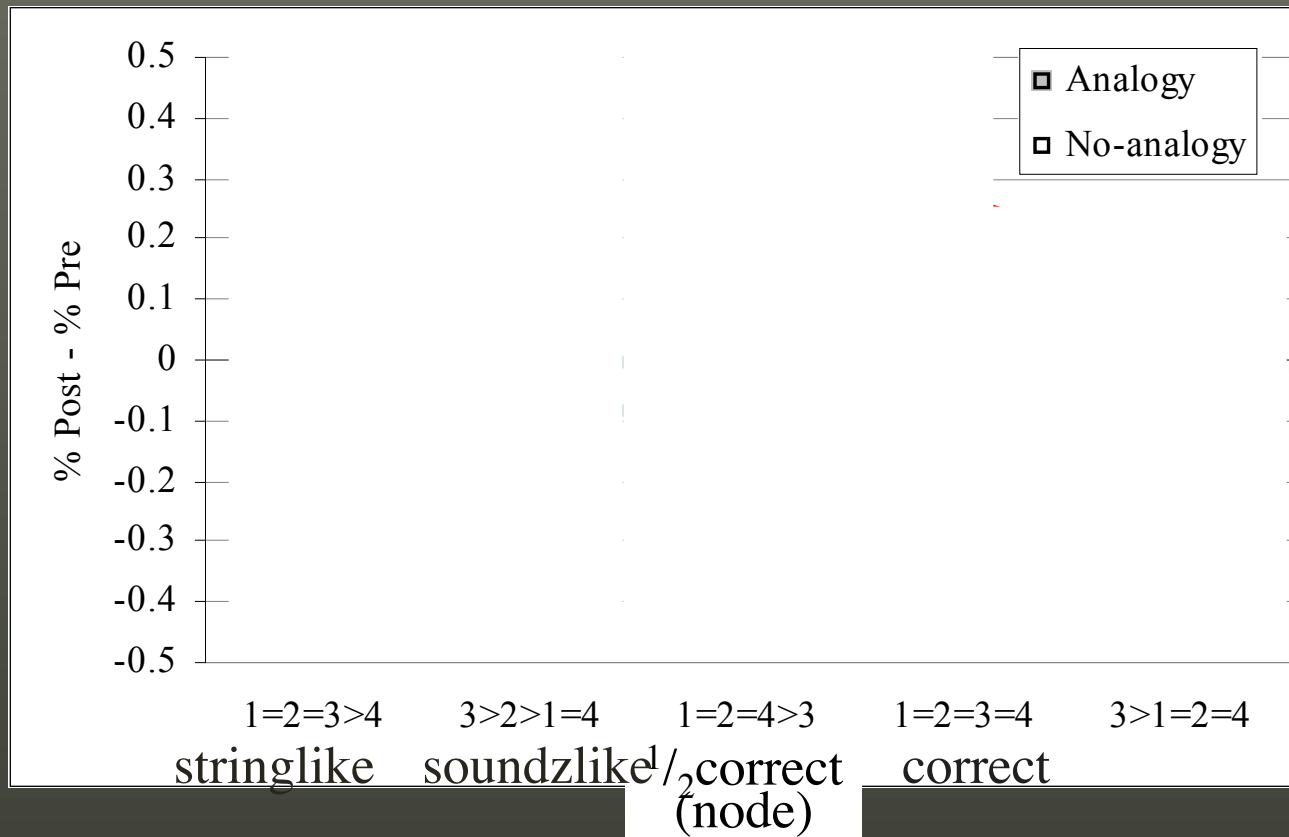
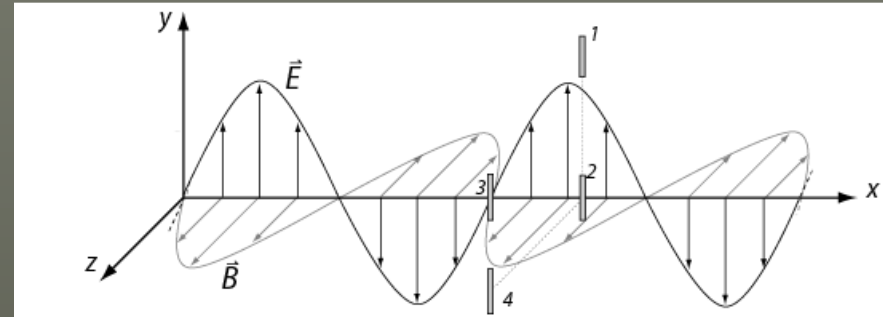
E/M

(UW approach)

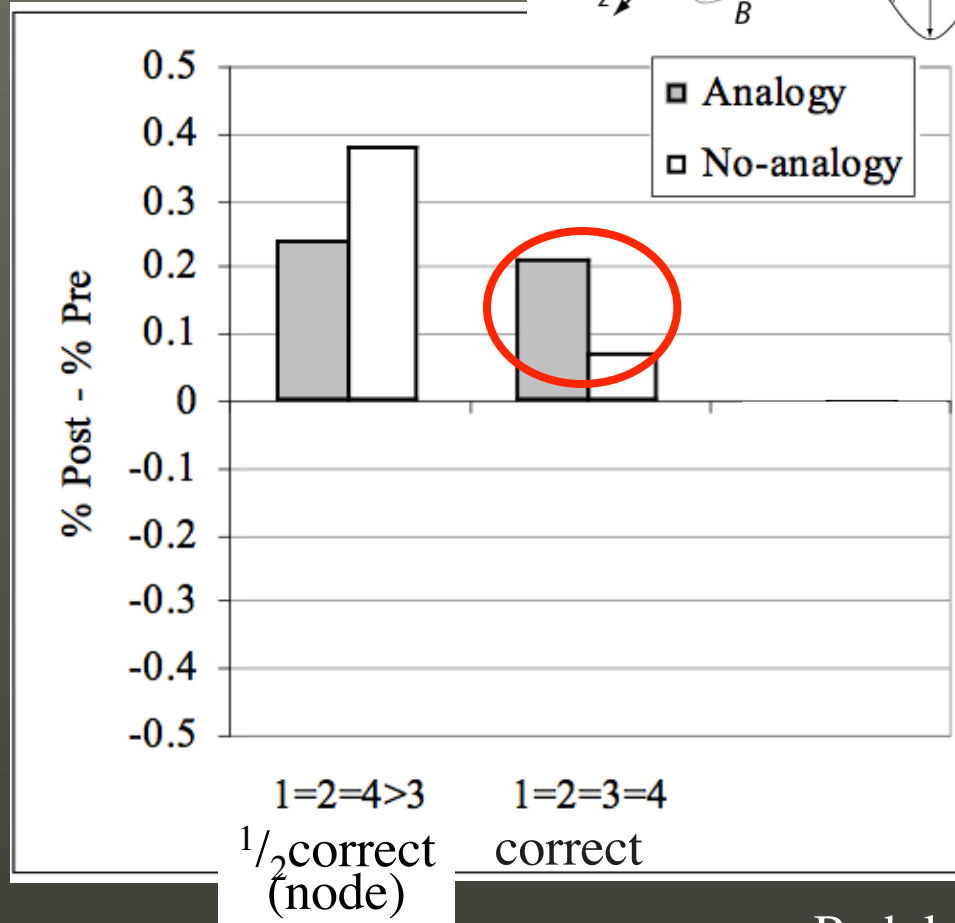
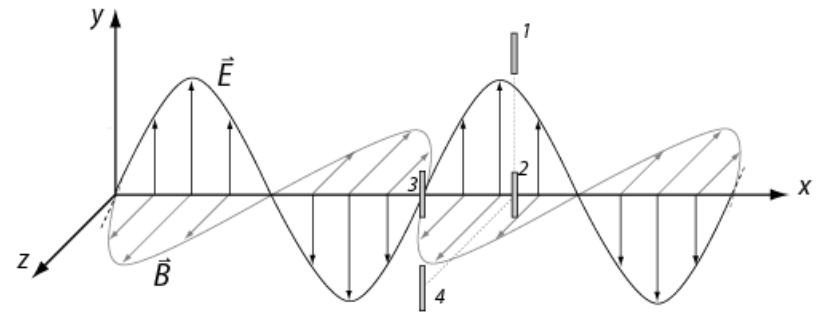
Pre / Post Assessment: rank time averaged signal at antennas



# Results



# Results

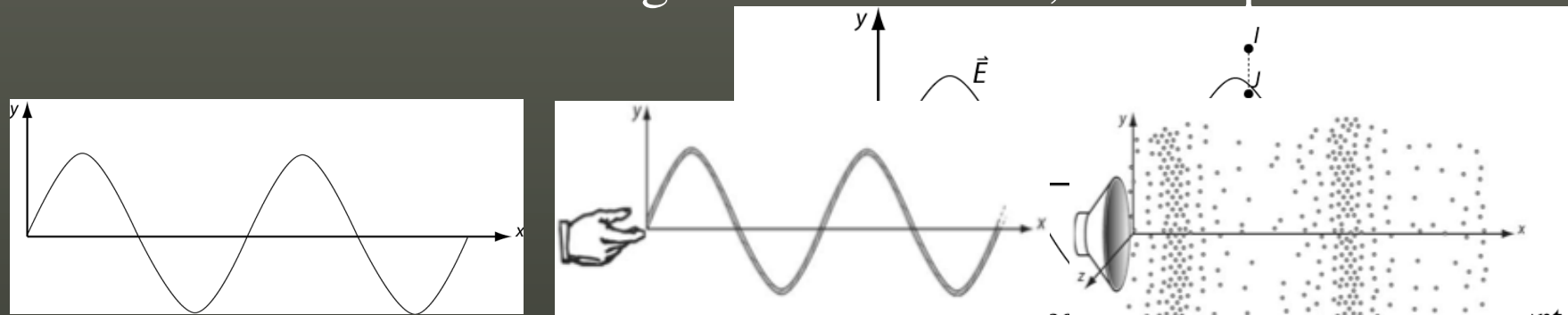


# Another Study- Which Reps?

Large scale study: algebra-based physics, E/M  
 modified *Tutorials in Intro Physics*

		Abstract	Blend
Part I: Basic wave props	(String)	Sine	Sine+Pictorial
Part II: Plane wave / 3D	(Sound)	Sine	Sine+Pictorial
Part III: E/M wave as field	(E/M)	Sine	Sine+Pictorial

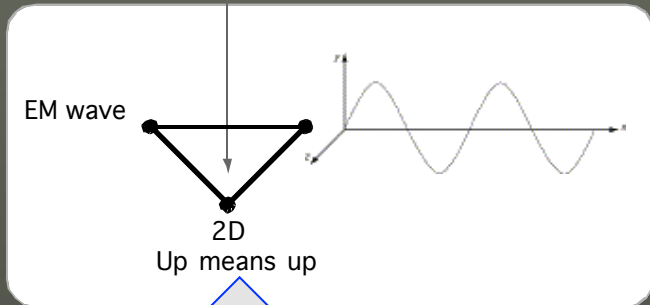
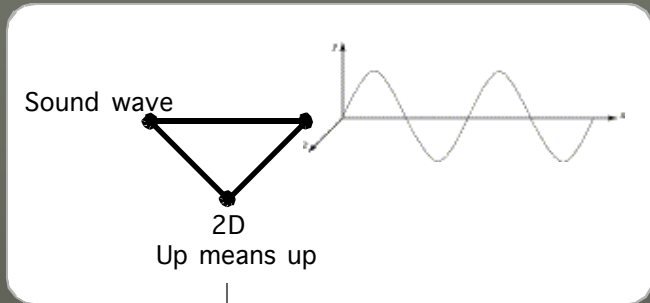
Pre / Post Assessment: rank magnitude of E-field, free response



The figure shows an elec... in time. For the instant shown, rank the points I, J, K, and L according to the magnitude of the electric field at these points.

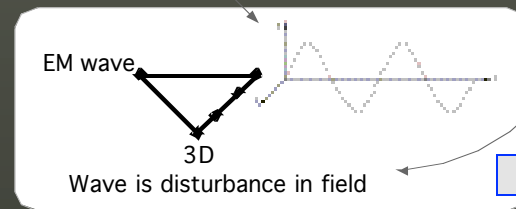
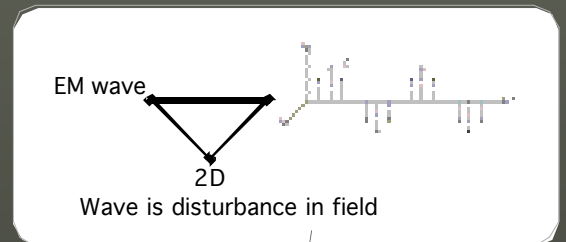
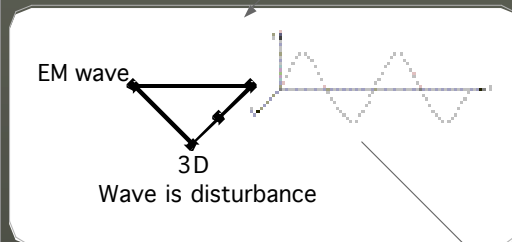
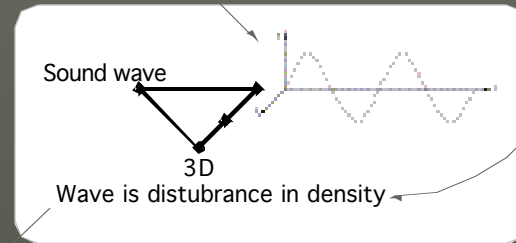
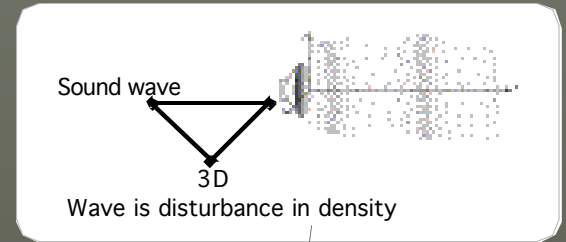
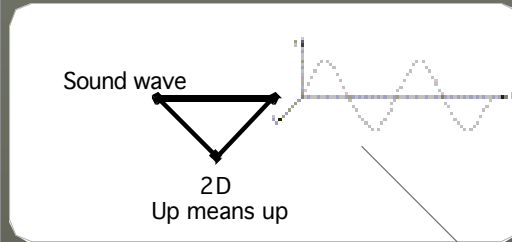
# AS Model of Representations

## Abstract



2D Wave

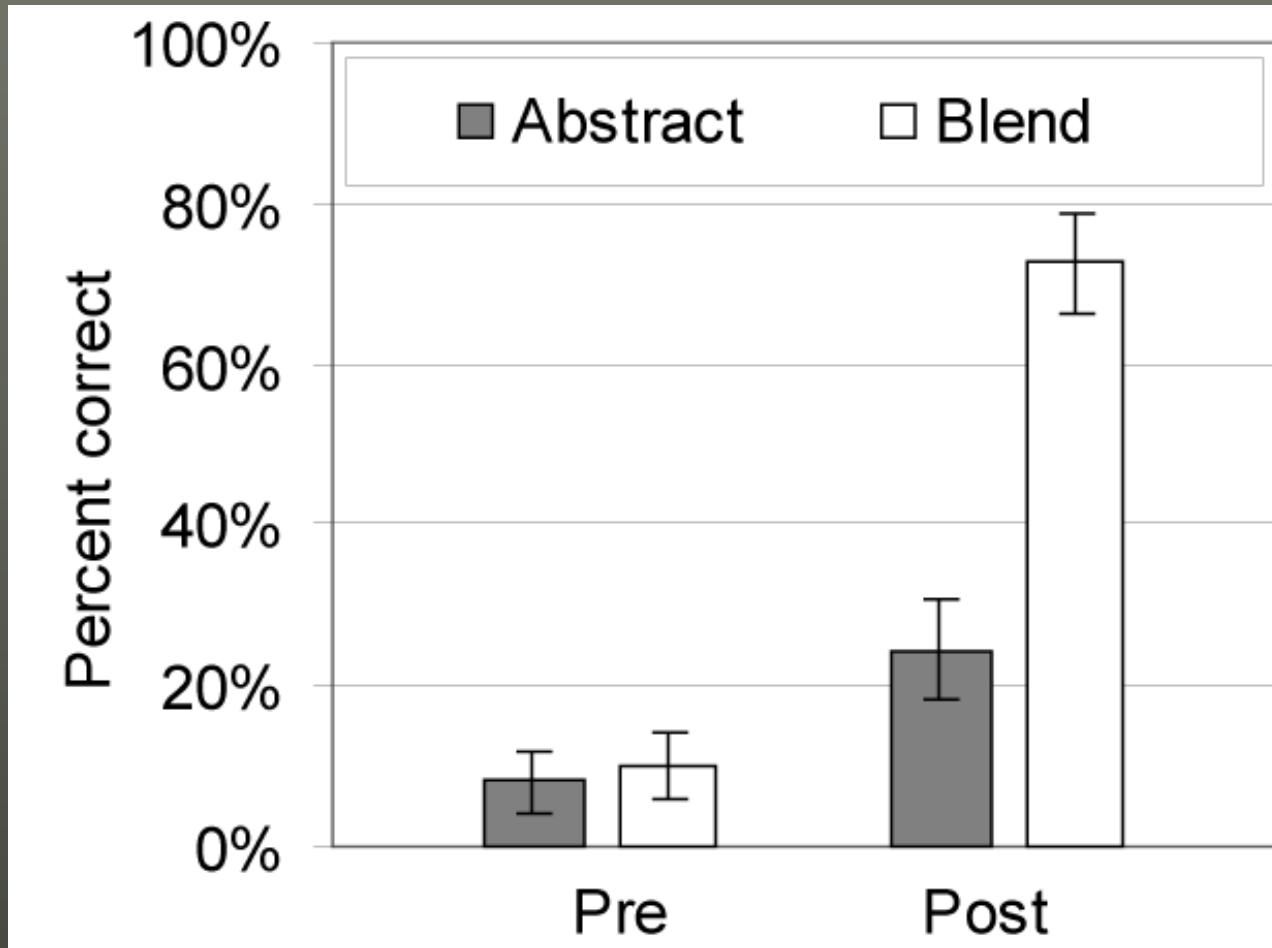
## Blend



3D  
Wave



# Results



Podolefsky and Finkelstein, Physical Review: ST PER, 3,2,020104 (2007).

more at: [per.colorado.edu/analogy](http://per.colorado.edu/analogy)

# Sample applications

Theme	i. Tools	ii. Practices	iii. Norms
Frame of context			
a. Individ'l	Representation Analogy PhET	Learning by teaching	CLASS- Student attitudes and beliefs (ABs)
b. Course	Studies of Sims, Use of Reps and Anal	Course Practices Clicker Use	Secondary adaptation of reforms
c. Depart'l	Faculty us based materials	CU STOMP	ce of dept'l norms

Impacts of Faculty Variation  
in *Peer Instruction*

with Chandra Turpen (2010)



# Common Model for Research



What happens in the classroom?

# Focus on Implementation

## GOALS:

1. Identify variation in faculty practices




2. Document impact on:

- student opportunities,
- class norms,
- students' perceptions

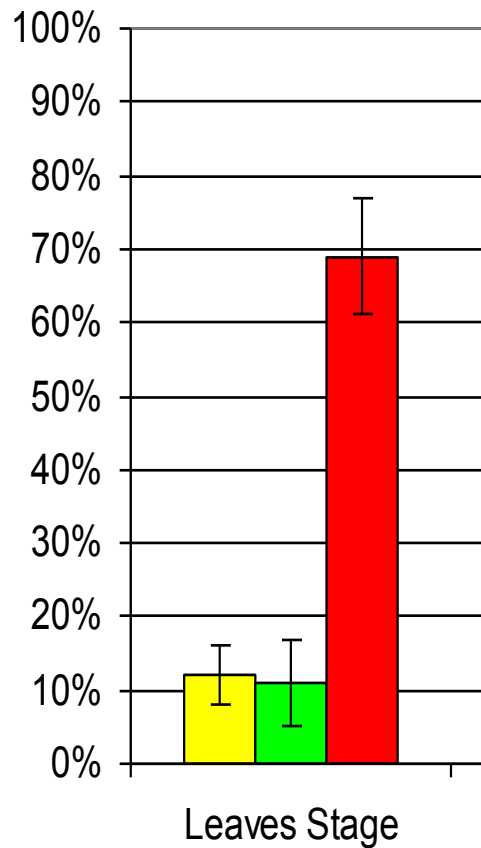
# Methods

- Student survey data
- Ethnographic Observations
- Audio-recorded files of observed classes
- Daily Clicker Records
- Course documents







# Environment and Professors

- 3 undergraduate, large enrollment introductory calc-based physics courses.
- 3 Professors:
  -  Yellow (Phys 1): Mentored, Experienced PI user
  -  Green (Phys 2): Novice PI user
  -  Red (Phys 3): Active in PER, Experienced PI user

# Framing of PI by Instructors










# Different Opportunities for students










	Yellow	Green	Red
Apply new physical concepts			
Discuss content with peers			













# Different Opportunities for students

	Yellow	Green	Red
Apply new physical concepts			
Discuss content with peers			
Formulate & Ask Questions			

# Different Opportunities for students

	Yellow	Green	Red
Apply new physical concepts			
Discuss content with peers			
Formulate & Ask Questions			
Communicate in public forum			

# Different Opportunities for students

	Yellow	Green	Red
Apply new physical concepts			
Discuss content with peers			
Formulate & Ask Questions			
Communicate in public forum			
Evaluate problem solutions			

# Norm: Faculty-student collaboration

- YELLOW:**
- Rarely (12% of the time) left the stage.
  - Rarely (19% of the time) answered student questions
  - Rarely (8% of the time) discussed with students
  - Rarely (17% of the time) heard student explanations
  - When heard student ex., heard from at least 2 students on average

Low collab.

High collab.



**GREEN:**

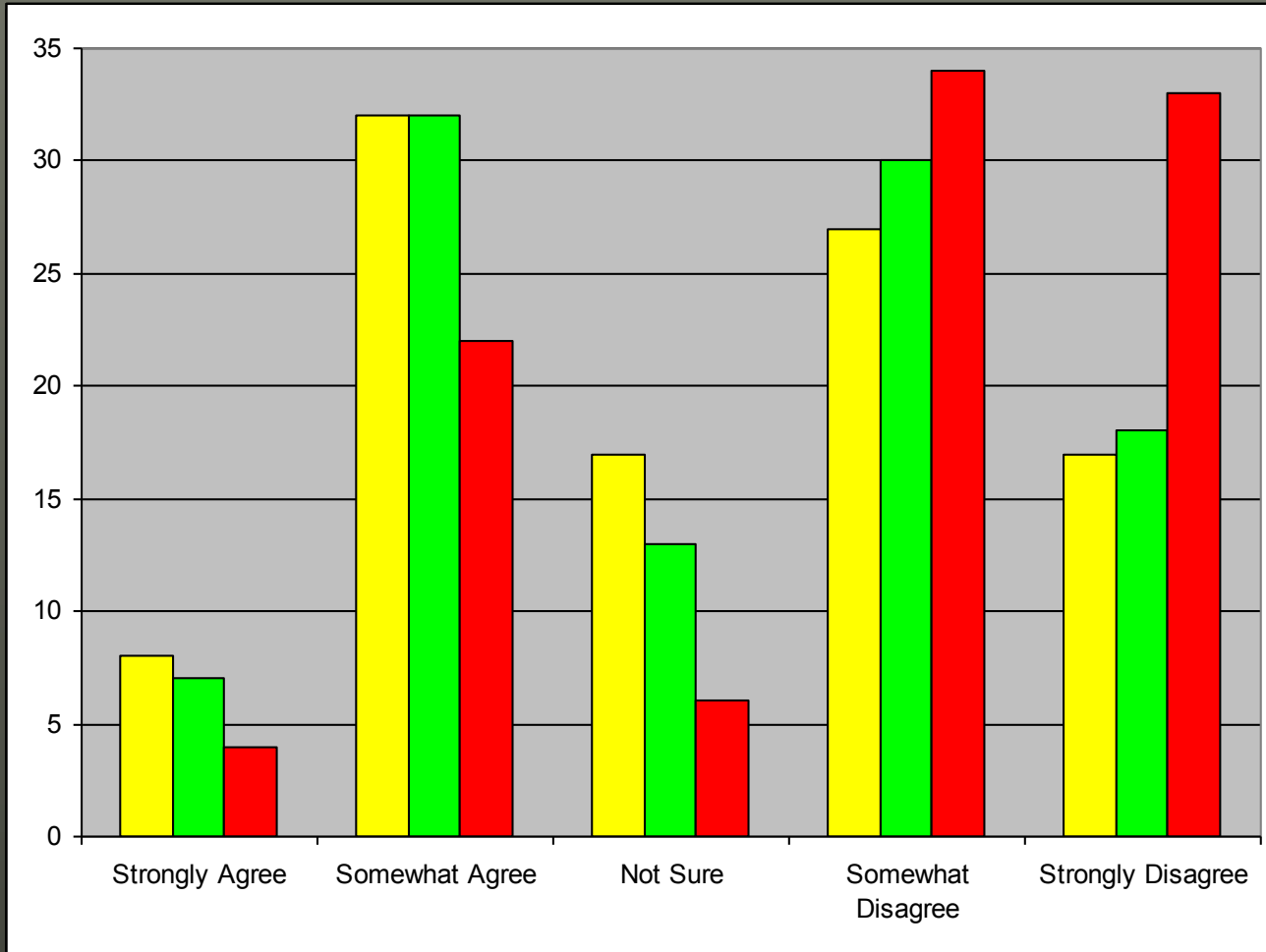
- Rarely (11% of the time) left the stage.
- Occasionally (25% of the time) answered student questions
- Never discussed w/ students
- Always heard student explanations, Usually heard only one correct student explanation
- Usually quick to reveal correctness of student explanation

**RED:**

- Often (69% of the time) left the stage
- Often (63% of the time) answered student questions, Often (84% of the time) discussed with students
- Usually heard student explanations, and usually heard from multiple students
- Usually withheld expert evaluation of answer correctness until consensus developed

# Faculty-Student Collaboration

Q4: Awkward to ask professor questions



# Students Perceive Differences

	Yellow-Red	Green-Red	Yellow-Green
Q3: Comfort discussing			
Q4: Awkward Questions			
Q5: √ Speak to Professor			
Q6: √ Ask question			

# Students Perceive Differences

	Yellow-Red	Green-Red	Yellow-Green
Q3: Comfort discussing	 $p=0.03$		
Q4: Awkward Questions	 $p<0.001^*$		
Q5: Speak to Professor	 $p<0.001^*$		
Q6: Ask question	 $p<0.001^*$		

\*

Significant

# Students Perceive Differences

	Yellow-Red	Green-Red	Yellow-Green
Q3: Comfort discussing	 p=0.03	 p=0.001*	
Q4: Awkward Questions	 p<0.001*	 p=0.002*	
Q5: Speak to Professor	 p<0.001*	 p<0.001*	
Q6: Ask question	 p<0.001*	 p<0.001*	

\*

Significant



# Students Perceive Differences

	Yellow-Red	Green-Red	Yellow-Green
Q3: Comfort discussing	 p=0.03	 p=0.001*	 p=0.03
Q4: Awkward Questions	 p<0.001*	 p=0.002*	p=0.6
Q5: Speak to Professor	 p<0.001*	 p<0.001*	 p=0.02
Q6: Ask question	 p<0.001*	 p<0.001*	 p=0.03

\*

Significant

# Findings from PI Studies

- Faculty members can be distinguished based on their PI practices.
- Students are given different opportunities to engage in scientific practices.
- Differences in PI practices lead to different classroom norms.
- Students' perceive the classroom norms differently in these courses.

# Sample applications

Theme Frame of context	i. Tools	ii. Practices	iii. Norms
a. Individ'l	Representation Analogy PhET	Learning by teaching	CLASS- Student attitudes and beliefs (ABs)
b. Course	Studies of Sims, Use of Reps and Analogies	Course Practices Clicker Use Tutorials	Secondary adaptation of reforms
c. Depart'l	Faculty use of based mat	Programs in grad	of dept'l ms

A Framework for models of STEM educational change

with Andrea Beach & Charles Henderson



# Keeping the Good things Going: Study and Improvement of Change Strategies in STEM Education

**Henderson, C., Beach, A., & Finkelstein, N. (2011)** Facilitating Change in Undergraduate STEM Instructional Practices: An Analytic Review of the Literature, *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 48 (8), 952-984.

# Starting Point: Current State of Knowledge

- We know a lot about:
  - effective teaching and learning of STEM subjects
  - how to apply this knowledge in individual classrooms

Now all STEM classrooms produce knowledgeable, skilled students who have positive attitudes toward science ...



# The Big Question

How to encourage the spread of research-based ideas to all instructors/classrooms?

# 295 Articles

(in original data set)

- 108 Different Journals
- Most Common:
  - Innovative Higher Education (26 articles)
  - Higher Education (21 articles)
  - Journal of Research in Science Teaching (13 articles)
  - Studies in Higher Education (12 articles)
  - Change (10 articles)
  - College Teaching (8 articles)
  - Teaching in Higher Education (7 articles)
  - Journal of Faculty Development (6 articles)

# Categorized along two Important Dimensions

- 1. What does the change effort intend to directly impact?

Individuals	Environments and Structures
<p>personal characteristics of single individuals, such as beliefs, knowledge, behaviors, etc.</p>	<p>impact characteristics of the system such as rules, physical characteristics of the environment, norms, etc.</p>

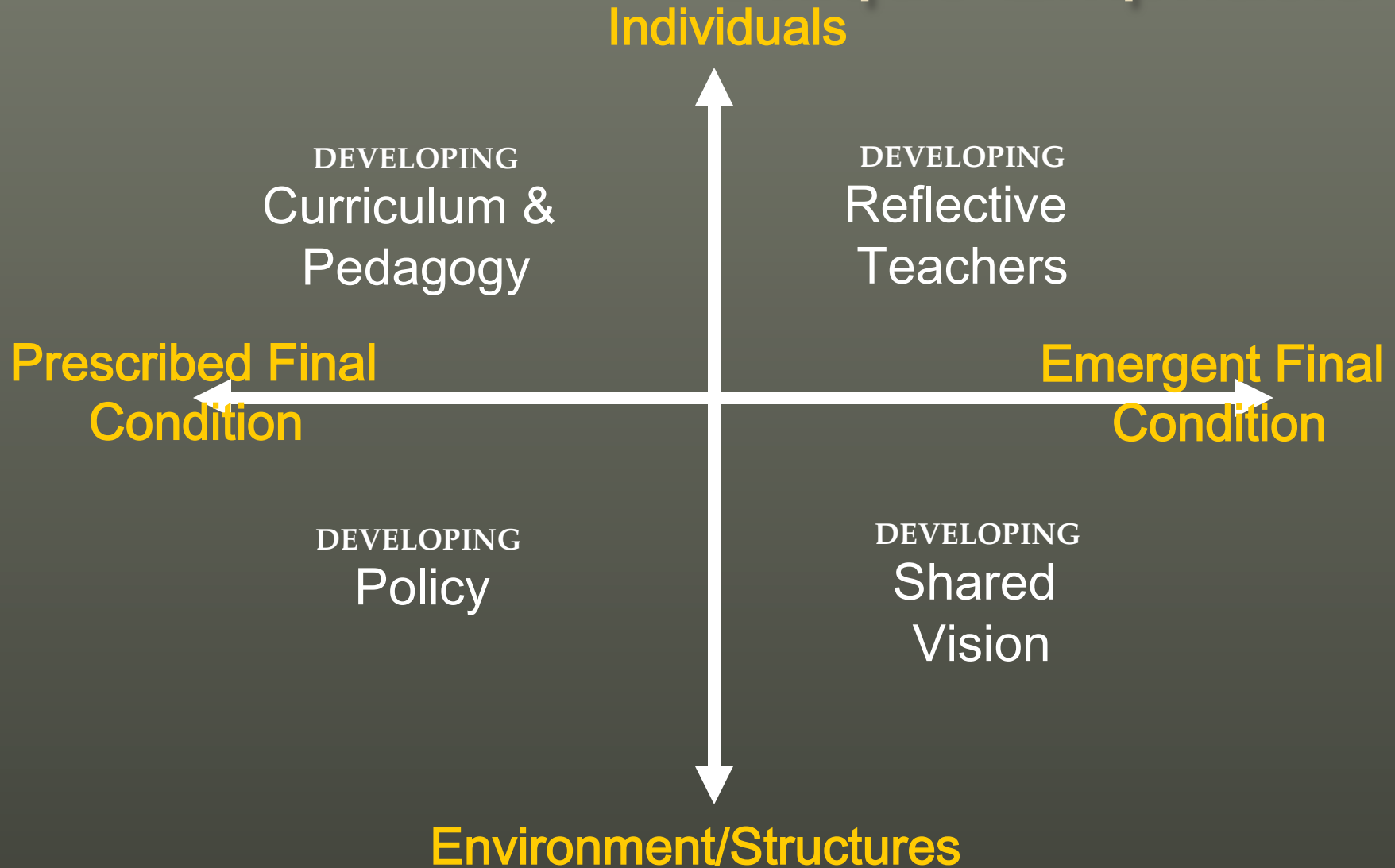


# Categorized along two Important Dimensions

## 2. To what extent is the outcome prescribed in advance?

Prescribed Final State	Emergent Final State
final state is <b>known</b> at the beginning of process	final state is <b>developed</b>

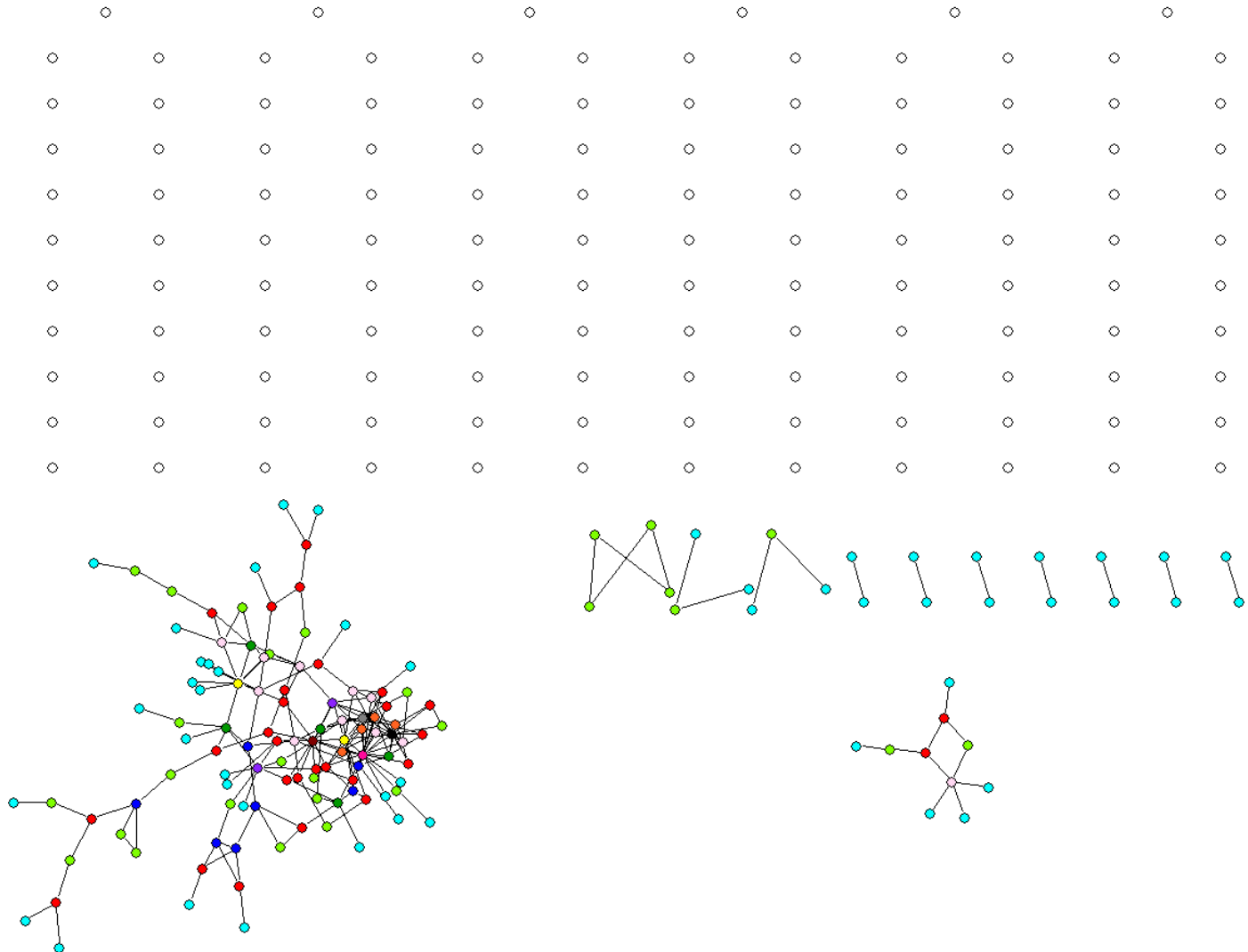
# Each Strategy has a Unique Emphasis



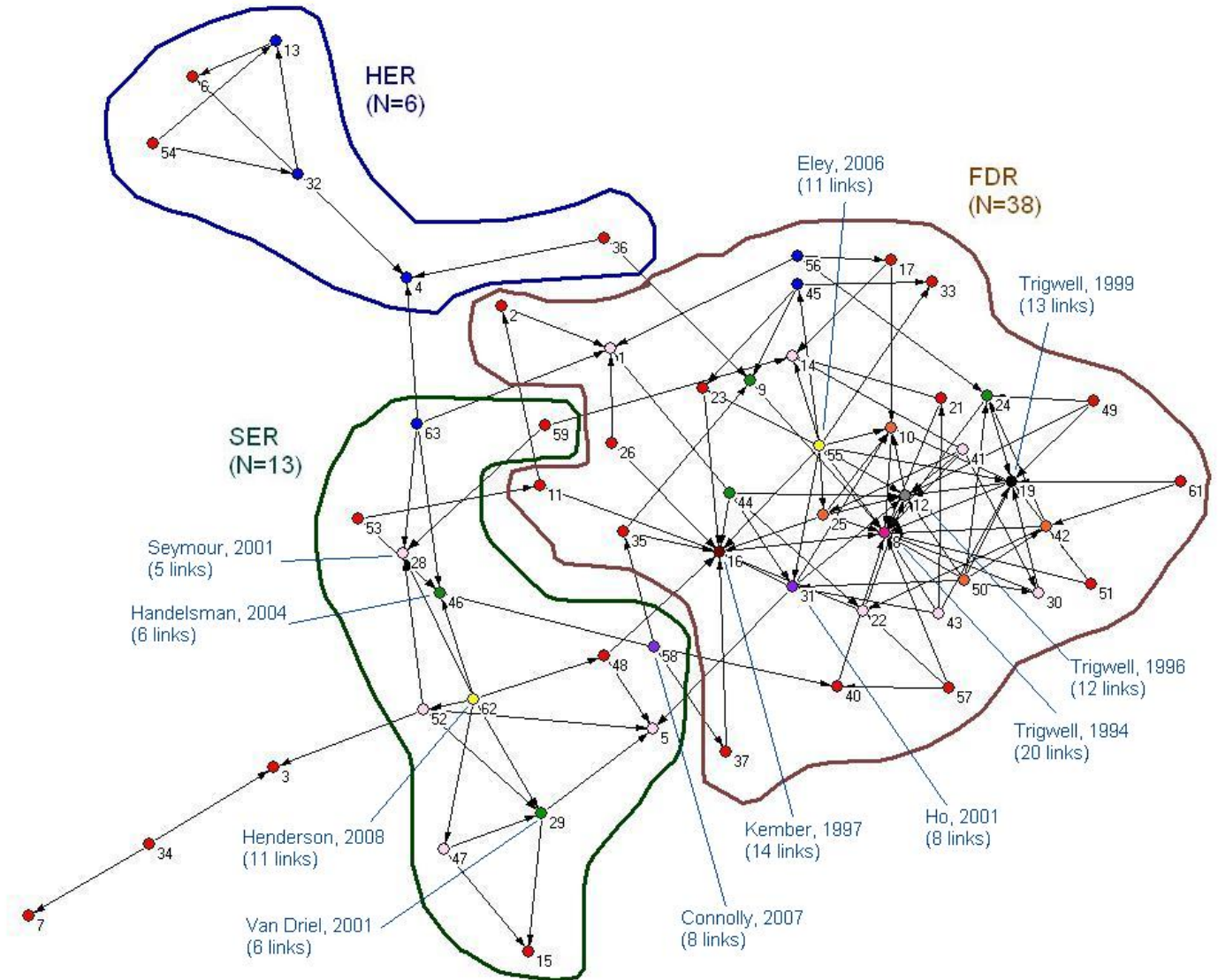
# All 265 Articles with Complete Citation Information

126 articles  
(47%) have  
no links

50 articles  
(18%) have  
1 link



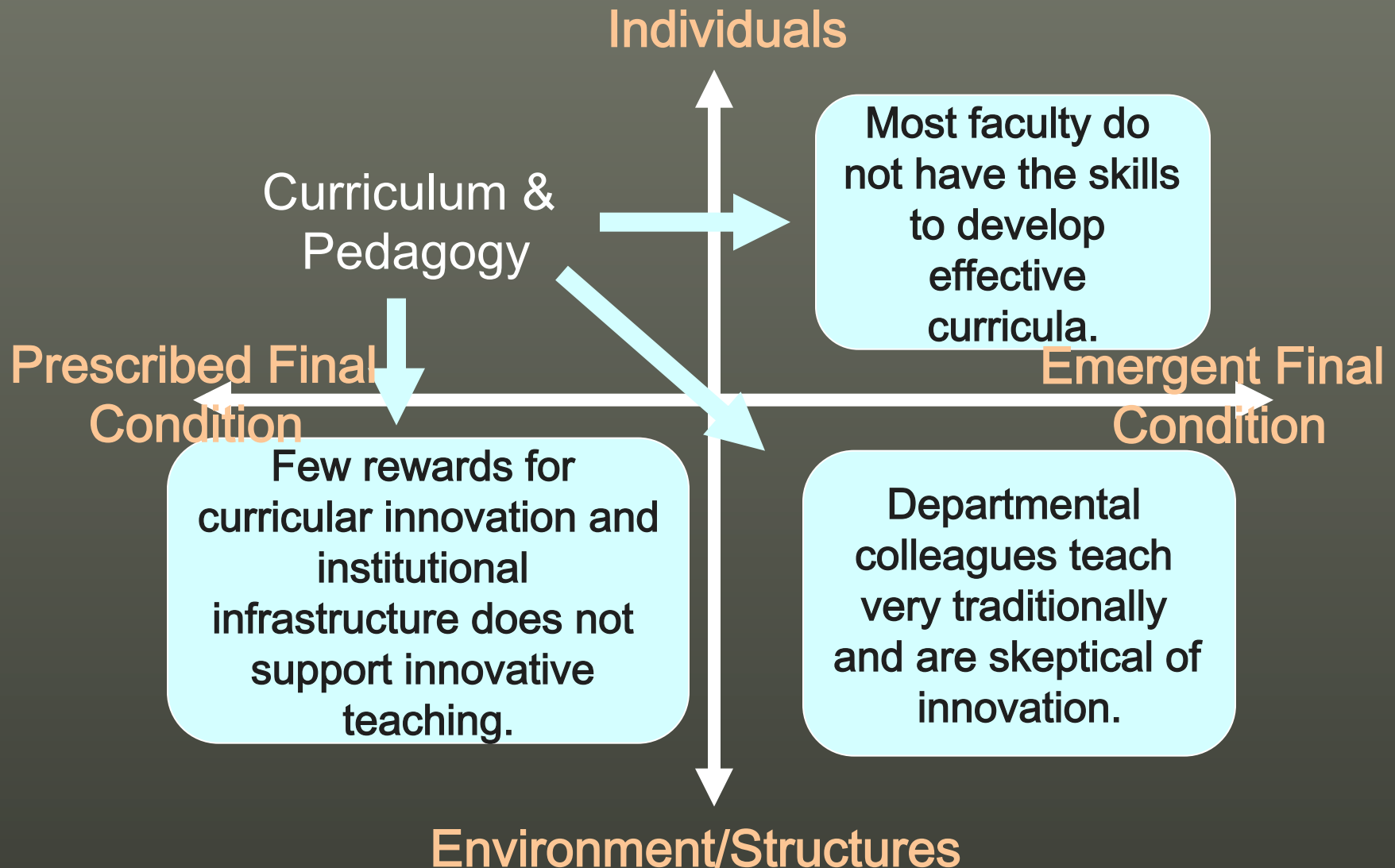
# Articles in the largest cluster with three or more links (N=57)



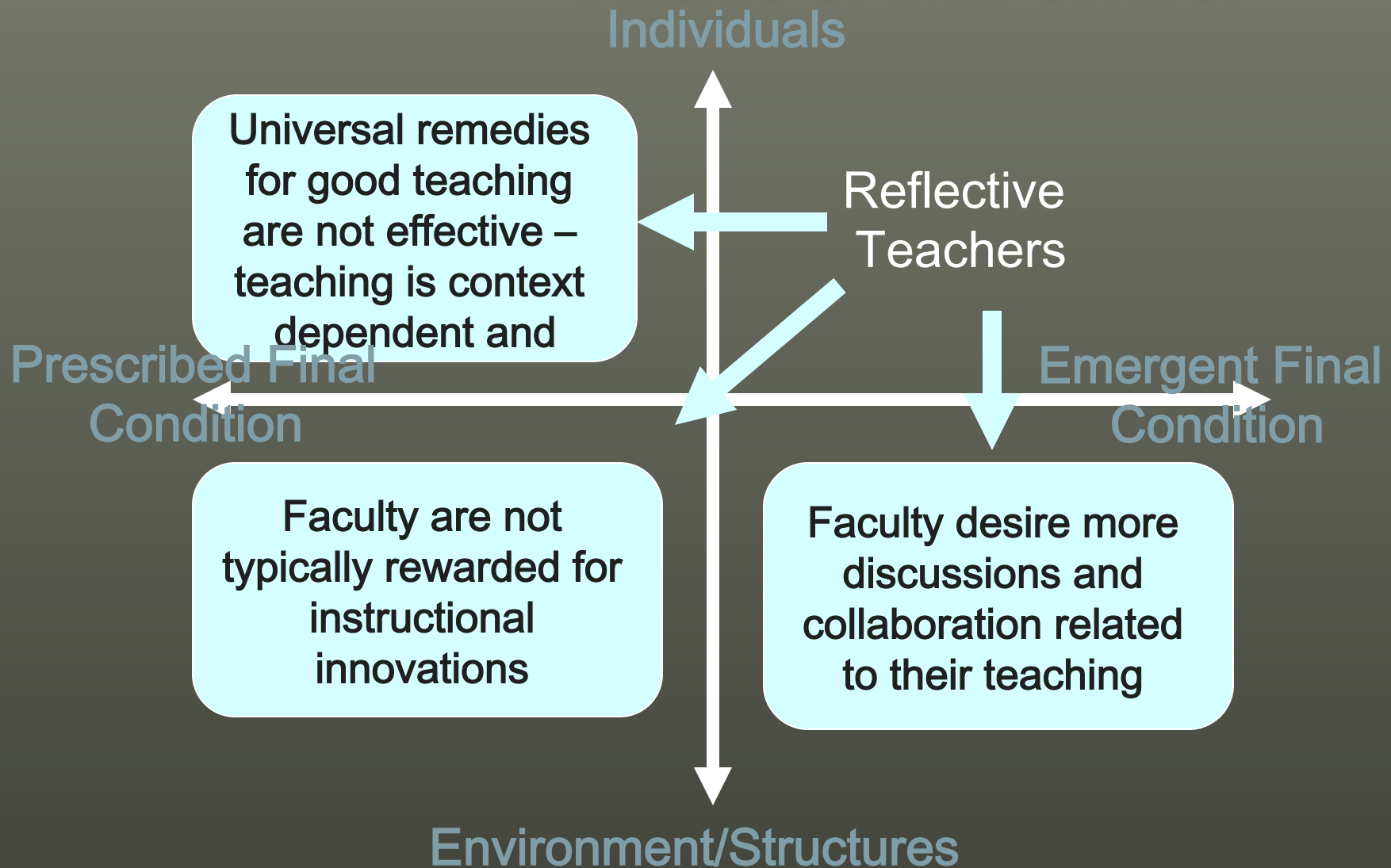
# Three Isolated Research Communities

- Each has a different and important perspective.
- There is little interaction between groups and minimal interaction within groups
- (Based on a citation analysis of articles in the data set.)

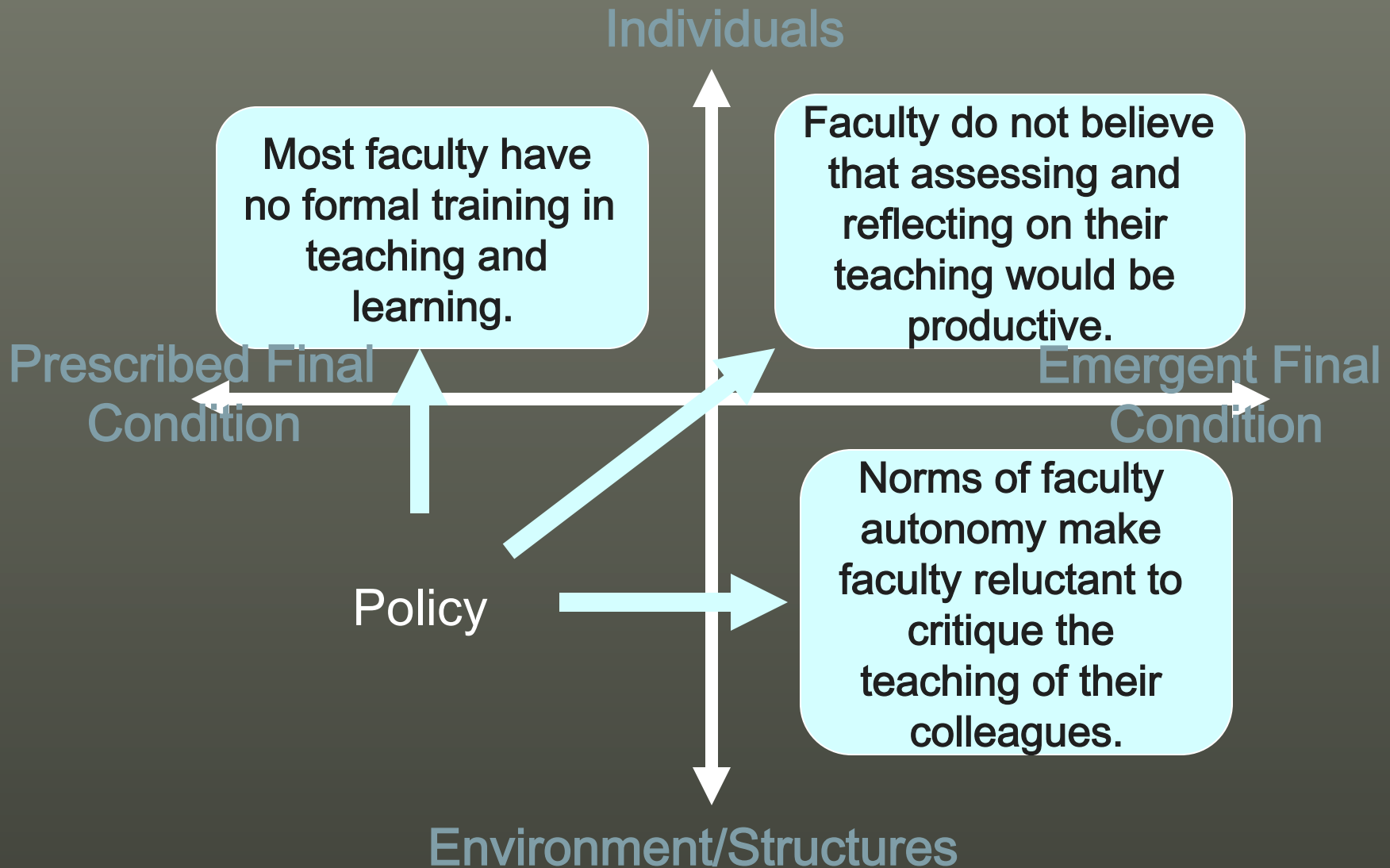
Each change strategy sees areas of influence of other strategies as outside of their control



Each change strategy sees areas of influence of other strategies as outside of their control

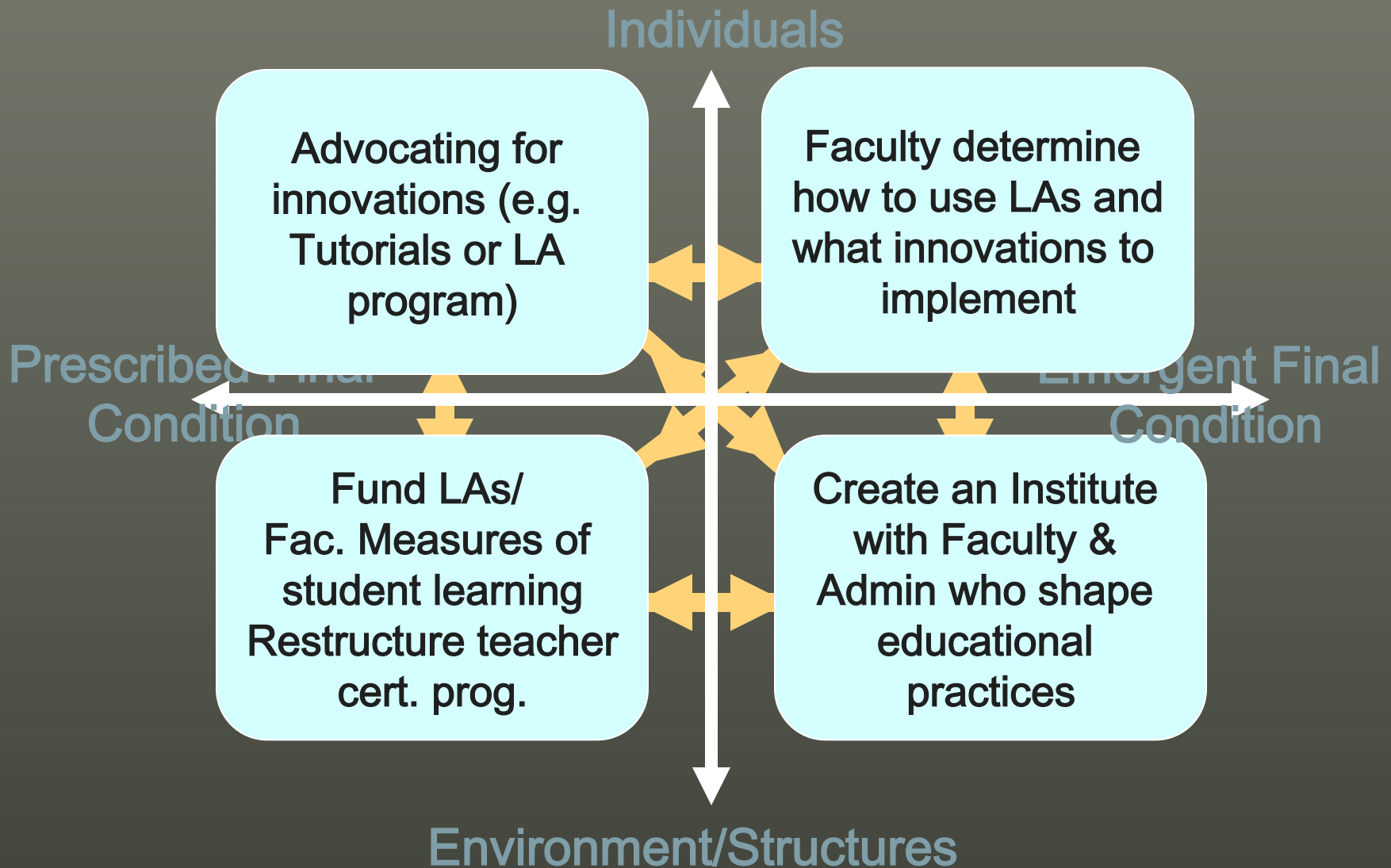


Each change strategy sees areas of influence of other strategies as outside of their control

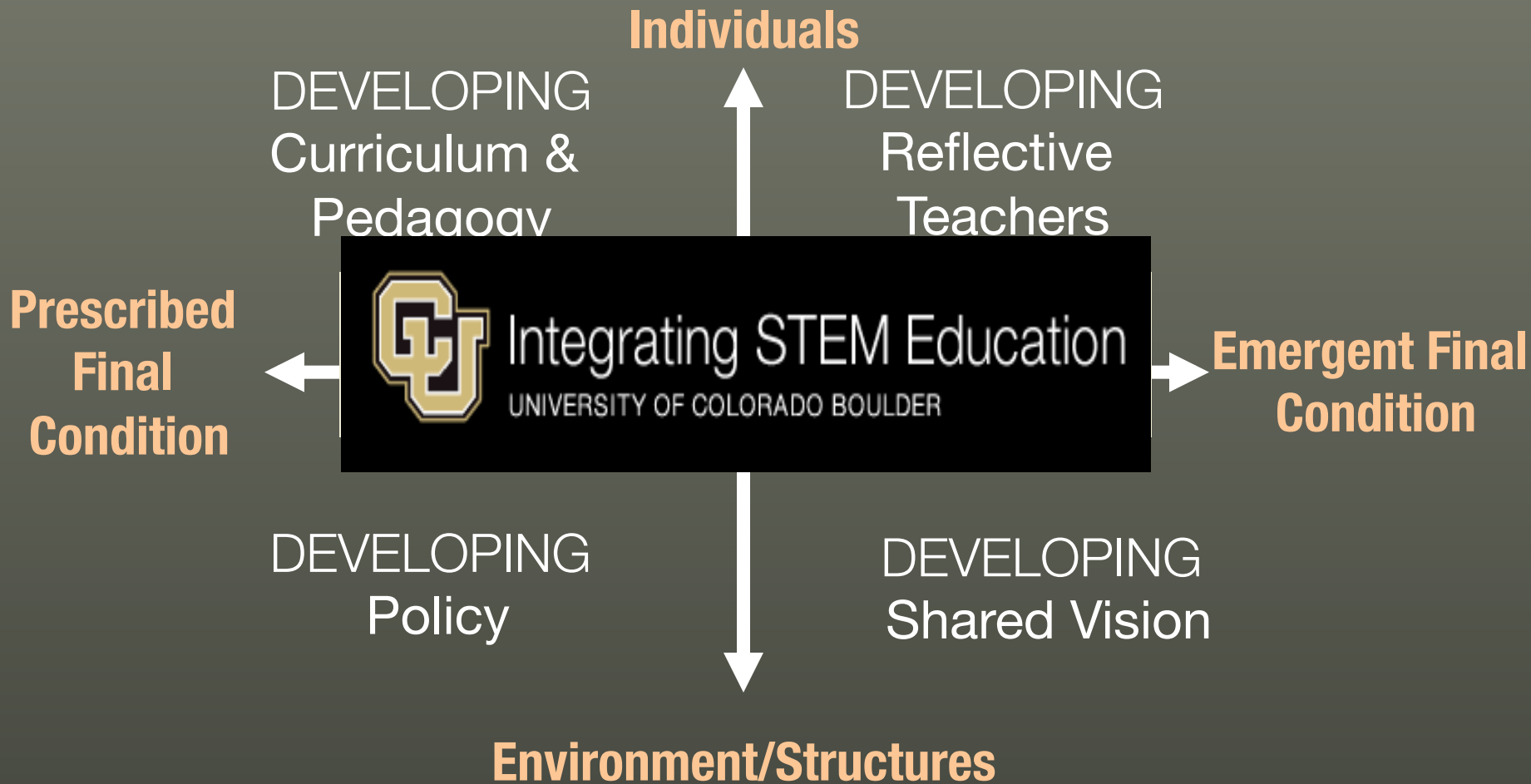




# Revisiting Colorado's I3 Approach



# Program Activities – Theoretical Foundations



# Sample applications

Theme Frame of context	i. Tools	ii. Practices	iii. Norms
a. Individ'l	Representation & Analogy; Use in the Classroom	Learning by teaching	CLASS- Student attitudes and beliefs (ABs)
b. Course	Faculty use of based materials	<div data-bbox="846 765 1881 943" style="background-color: red; color: white; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> <b>Transforming Courses: Impacts of Faculty Variation</b> </div>	
c. Depart'l	Faculty use of based materials	<div data-bbox="815 993 1769 1186" style="background-color: #fff9c4; padding: 10px; text-align: center;"> <b>A Framework for models of STEM educational change</b> </div>	

with Chandra Turpen (2010)

With SPollock, K. Perkins, H. Lewendowski, B. Zwickl  
with P. Kohl (2007) and N. Podolefsky (2008)

with Andrea Beach & Charles Henderson

NSF 0448176, CAREER: Physics Education and Contexts of Student Learning.

Don't Have a Standard Model

But We do know about

Student reasoning in physics

Student practices

Faculty use of tools practices and norms

Course tools, practices, norms

Departmental tools, practices, norms

Institutional tools, practices, norms



# I'm Proud that the Sciences identify with DBER and education

One Hundred Eleventh Congress  
of the  
United States of America

AT THE SECOND SESSION

SCIENCE EDUCATION  
EDUCATION

THE NATIONAL ACADEMIES

Advisers to the Nation on Science, Engineering, and Medicine

SCIENCES

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF ENGINEERING

INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE

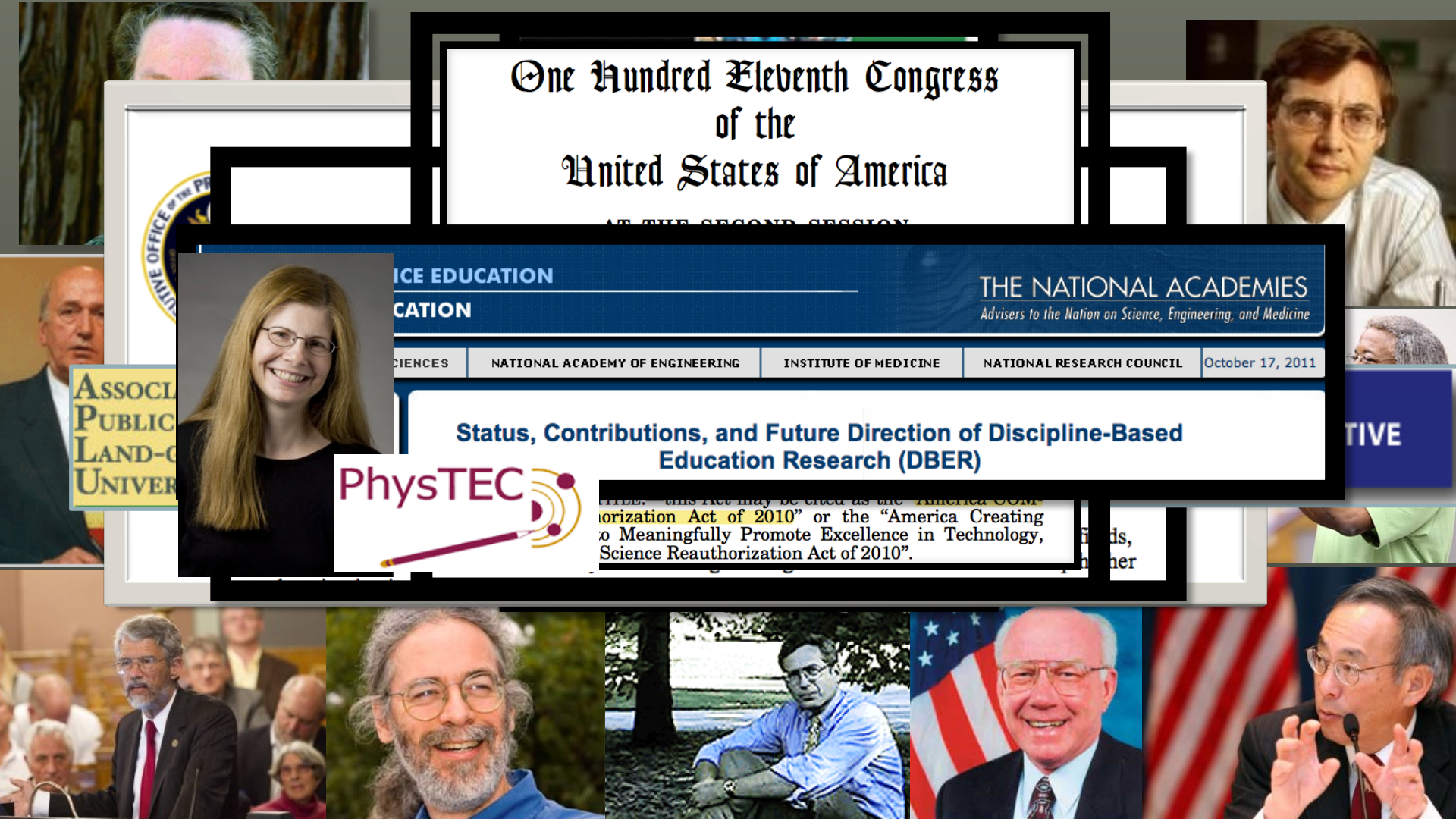
NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL

October 17, 2011

Status, Contributions, and Future Direction of Discipline-Based  
Education Research (DBER)



...this Act may be cited as the "America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010" or the "America Creating Jobs and Meaningfully Promote Excellence in Technology, Science Reauthorization Act of 2010".



# We are the ones involved where it matters most



# We are the ones involved where it matters most and it's catching ...



131 A·P·L·U Universities Across 44 States Commit to the Science and Mathematics Teacher Imperative

(AS OF APRIL 20, 2012)



*Fin*

Much more at: [\*per.colorado.edu\*](http://per.colorado.edu)